Family Hub Profiles

South East Hub

September 2021



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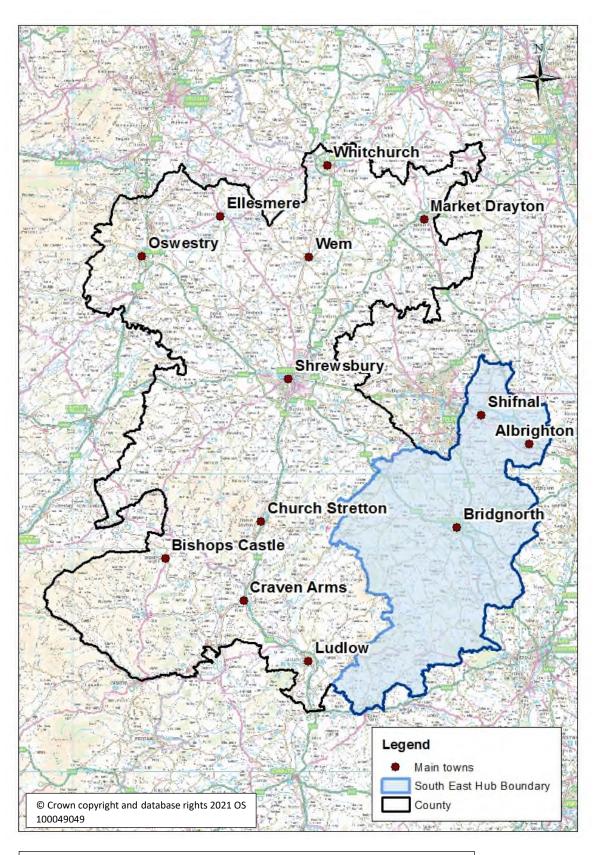
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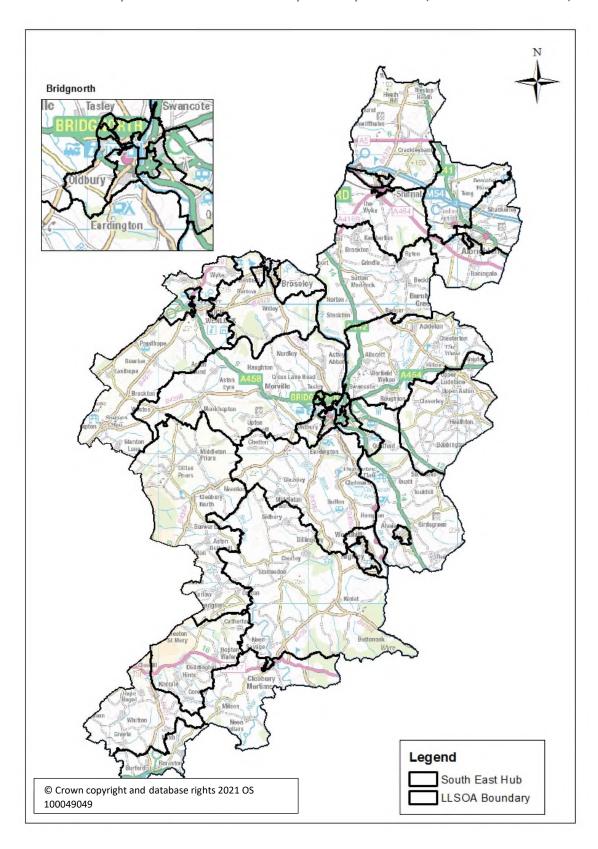
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Detailed Map of Area and Lower Super Output Area (LLSOA Boundaries)



LLLSOA geography is a statistical geography created by the Office of National Statistics for analysis during the 2011 Census. They are made up of a minimum population of 1000 people and a maximum of 3000.

Population and Context

65,650

Total Population Estimate (2019)

Source: ONS

32,792 Male (50%)

Total Population Estimate (2019)

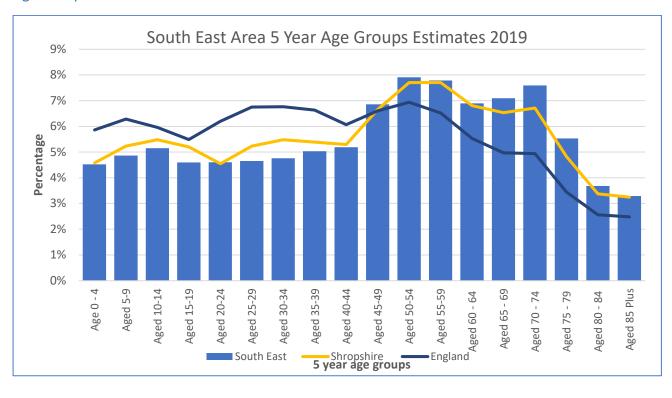
Source ONS

32,858 Female (49.9%)

Total Population Estimate (2019)

Source ONS

Age Group Breakdown



Population Hub Areas

| Hub | Total | Male | Female |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Central South | 49,626 | 24,326 | 25,300 |
| Central North | 59,352 | 29,270 | 30,082 |
| North East | 58,698 | 29,649 | 29,049 |
| North West | 52,331 | 25,690 | 26,641 |
| South East | <mark>65,650</mark> | <mark>37,792</mark> | <mark>32,858</mark> |
| South West | 37,479 | 18,428 | 19,051 |
| Shropshire | 323,136 | 160,155 | 162,981 |

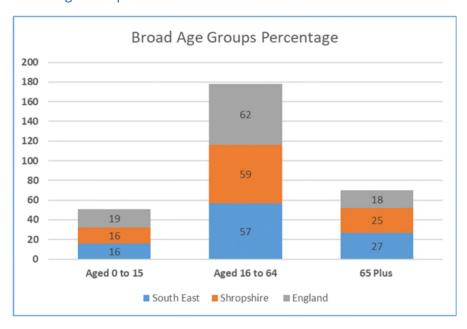
The area has the highest population out of all six hub areas. The South East Hub has a similar age structure to Shropshire in all age groups and has an older age structure compared to England. There is, however, a greater proportion of people aged between 65 and 74 compared to Shropshire. There are fewer children and young people compared to England. There is a greater proportion of people aged 45 and over compared to England.

Population by Age Bands 2019

| Age Band | South Eas | t Hub Area | Number | South Eas | t Hub Area | | Shropshir | e Percenta | ge |
|-------------|-----------|------------|--------|-----------|------------|--------|-----------|------------|--------|
| Barra | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| 0 to 4 | 2,967 | 1,590 | 1,377 | 4.5% | 4.8% | 4.2% | 4.8% | 5.0% | 4.5% |
| 5 to 9 | 3,192 | 1,665 | 1,527 | 4.9% | 5.1% | 4.6% | 5.3% | 5.4% | 5.2% |
| 10 to 14 | 3,382 | 1,738 | 1,644 | 5.2% | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.4% | 5.5% | 5.3% |
| 15 to 19 | 3,019 | 1,597 | 1,422 | 4.6% | 4.9% | 4.3% | 5.4% | 5.6% | 5.2% |
| 20 to 24 | 3,022 | 1,723 | 1,299 | 4.6% | 5.3% | 4.0% | 4.8% | 5.1% | 4.4% |
| 25 to 29 | 3,054 | 1,630 | 1,424 | 4.7% | 5.0% | 4.3% | 5.5% | 6.0% | 4.9% |
| 30 to 34 | 3,124 | 1,553 | 1,571 | 4.8% | 4.7% | 4.8% | 5.3% | 5.6% | 5.1% |
| 25 to 29 | 3,303 | 1,624 | 1,679 | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.1% | 5.3% | 5.3% | 5.3% |
| 40 to 44 | 3,408 | 1,678 | 1,730 | 5.2% | 5.1% | 5.3% | 5.6% | 5.5% | 5.6% |
| 45 to 49 | 4,501 | 2,190 | 2,311 | 6.9% | 6.7% | 7.0% | 7.2% | 7.2% | 7.1% |
| 50 to 54 | 5,192 | 2,568 | 2,624 | 7.9% | 7.8% | 8.0% | 7.8% | 7.9% | 7.8% |
| 55 to 59 | 5,110 | 2,527 | 2,583 | 7.8% | 7.7% | 7.9% | 7.2% | 7.3% | 7.2% |
| 60 to 64 | 4,526 | 2,229 | 2,297 | 6.9% | 6.8% | 7.0% | 6.6% | 6.5% | 6.7% |
| 65 to 69 | 4,656 | 2,286 | 2,370 | 7.1% | 7.0% | 7.2% | 6.8% | 6.7% | 7.0% |
| 70 to 74 | 4,984 | 2,418 | 2,566 | 7.6% | 7.4% | 7.8% | 6.4% | 6.2% | 6.5% |
| 75 to 79 | 3,632 | 1,810 | 1,822 | 5.5% | 5.5% | 5.5% | 4.4% | 4.1% | 4.7% |
| 80 to 84 | 2,417 | 1,108 | 1,309 | 3.7% | 3.4% | 4.0% | 3.2% | 2.9% | 3.4% |
| 85 plus | 2,161 | 858 | 1,303 | 3.3% | 2.6% | 4.0% | 3.1% | 2.3% | 4.0% |
| Total | 65,650 | 32,792 | 32,858 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

Source: Mid -Year Population Estimates 2019, Office for National Statistics (ONS)

Broad Age Groups 2019



The area has a similar number of people aged 0 to 15 and fewer aged 16 to 64 compared to Shropshire and England. There are a greater proportion of people aged 65 plus, 27% compared to 18% for England as a whole.

Families and Young People

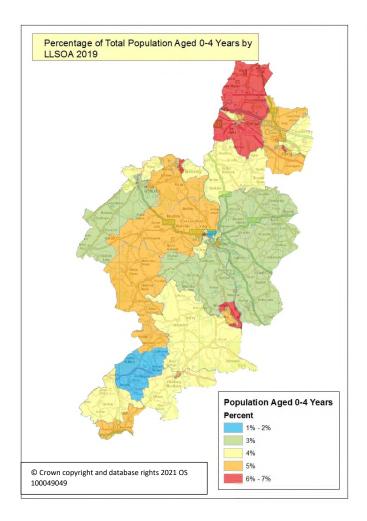
| Hub | Pop 0-4 | % of total pop | Pop 5-18 | % of total pop |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Central South | 2,517 | 5% | 7,961 | 16% |
| Central North | 2,871 | 5% | 9,407 | 16% |
| North East | 2,761 | 6% | 8,966 | 15% |
| North West | 2,398 | 5% | 8,329 | 16% |
| South East | <mark>2,967</mark> | <mark>5%</mark> | <mark>9,039</mark> | <mark>14%</mark> |
| South West | 1,343 | 4% | 4,913 | 13% |
| Shropshire | 14,857 | 5% | 46,434 | 14% |

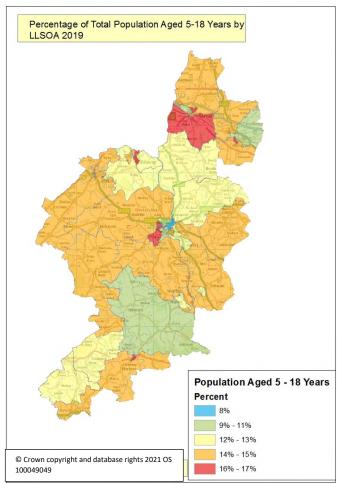
Mid-Year Estimates 2019, ONS

There are 2,967 children aged 0 to 4 in the South East Hub accounting for (5%) of the total population. This is similar to Shropshire as a whole and to the other hubs. There are 9,039 children aged 5 to 18 accounting for (14%) of the overall population, this is similar to Shropshire but lower than other hubs located in the central and north of the Shropshire.

The maps over the page show the estimated population of 0 to 4 year olds and 5 to 18 year olds, expressed as a percentage of the whole population, and mapped by lower super output area (LLSOA). The areas with the largest percentage of 0 to 4 year olds are located in the electoral divisions of Shifnal and Cosford, Highley, Albrighton and Bridgnorth West and Tasley and Shifnal North, where (6%) to (7%) of the population are aged 0 to 4 years. The average for the South East Area and Shropshire was (5%). The areas with the largest percentage of 5 to 18 year olds are located in the electoral divisions of Shifnal and Cosford, Bridgnorth West and Tasley, Cleobury North and Shifnal North where (17%) to (16%) of the population are aged 5 to 18. The average percentage for the 5 to 18 year group in Shropshire was (14%) and in the Hub area (14%).

| | Percentage of Children Aged 0-4 Top | 5 LLSOA' | s South East |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Hub | | |
| LLSOA | Electoral Division | Number | Percentage |
| E01028827 | Albrighton | 109 | 7% |
| E01028857 | Shifnal North | 180 | 7% |
| E01028855 | Shifnal South and Cosford | 146 | 6% |
| E01028836 | Bridgnorth West and Tasley | 95 | 6% |
| E01028838 | Broseley | 104 | 6% |
| E01028849 | Highley | 128 | 6% |
| | | | |
| | Percentage of Children Aged 5-18 To | op 5 LLSO <i>F</i> | a's South |
| | East Hub | | |
| LLSOA | Electoral Division | Number | Percentage |
| E01028853 | Shifnal North | 256 | 17% |
| E01029002 | Cleobury Mortimer | 242 | 4 = 0 / |
| | Cleubul y Mortilliei | - 1- | 17% |
| E01028831 | Bridgnorth West and Tasley | 272 | 17% 17% |
| E01028831 E01028855 | , | | |
| | Bridgnorth West and Tasley | 272 | 17% |





Estimated Family Numbers (August 2020)

Data obtained from the HMRC relating to child benefit claimants has been included to help further estimate the number of families in the area. It is estimated that there are approximately 9,725 children in receipt of child benefit, the largest number of these are in the 5 to 10 year age group. In total 5,780 families claimed child benefit in August 2018, the majority of these, 2,710 claimed for one child.

HMRC Child Benefit Claimants by Age of Child

AGE

| Number of Children | Under 5 | 5 – 10 | 11-15 | 16-19 | Total | Male | Female |
|----------------------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Central South | 2,115 | 2,880 | 2,295 | 1,220 | 8,530 | 4,385 | 4,160 |
| Central North | 2,415 | 3,250 | 2,695 | 1,385 | 9,765 | 5,010 | 4,755 |
| North East | 2,295 | 3,190 | 2,790 | 1,380 | 9,660 | 4,925 | 4,730 |
| North West | 2,055 | 2,920 | 2,510 | 1,275 | 8,730 | 4,440 | 4,320 |
| South East | 2,380 | 3,180 | 2,755 | 1,410 | 9,725 | 5,080 | 4,650 |
| South West | 1,225 | 1,725 | 1,555 | 835 | 5,315 | 2,665 | 2,630 |
| Shropshire | 12,485 | 17,145 | 14,600 | 7,505 | 51,725 | 26,505 | 25,245 |

Source: HMRC Number of Families in Receipt of Child Benefit August 2020. Not exact estimate of families as some families do not claim child benefit or earn above the single income threshold of between (£50,000 and £60,000 per annum)

HMRC Child Benefit Claimants by Family and Number of Children Claimed For

AGE

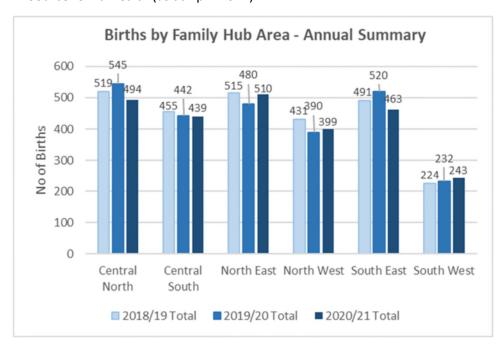
| number of families | One Child | Two Children | Three Children | All Families |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | | | | |
| Central South | 2,335 | 1,905 | 700 | 4,940 |
| Central North | 2,785 | 2,215 | 770 | 5,765 |
| North East | 2,560 | 2,160 | 835 | 5,530 |
| North West | 2,490 | 1,955 | 695 | 5,140 |
| South East | 2,710 | 2,375 | 685 | 5780 |
| South West | 1,405 | 1,160 | 470 | 3,060 |
| Shropshire | 14,285 | 11,770 | 4,155 | 30,215 |

Live Birth Rates

The number of births in the hub have declined from 491 in 2018/19 to 463 in 2020/21. Although levels in all hubs have remained fairly constant there is a slight general downward trend in births across Shropshire, this is also mirrored at national level.

| Hub | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Central South | 455 | 442 | 439 |
| Central North | 519 | 545 | 494 |
| North East | 515 | 480 | 510 |
| North West | 431 | 390 | 399 |
| South East | 491 | 520 | 463 |
| South West | 224 | 232 | 243 |
| Shropshire | 2635 | 2609 | 2548 |

Source: Child Health (as at April 2021)



Lone Parent Households Percentage

Dependent Children Percentage of Households

| Number (2011) | Percentage of all Households |
|-------------------|---|
| 1194 | 6% |
| 1390 | 6% |
| 1114 | 5% |
| 1096 | 5% |
| <mark>1183</mark> | <mark>4%</mark> |
| 690 | 4% |
| 6,667 | 5% |
| 1,662,205 | 7% |
| | (2011) 1194 1390 1114 1096 1183 690 6,667 |

| England | and Wales | 1,662,205 | 7% |
|------------|-----------|-----------|----|
| Source: 20 | 11 Census | | |

| HUB | Number of Dependent Children(2011) | Percentage of all Families Living in Households |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Central South | 9,551 | 39% |
| Central North | 11,300 | 40% |
| North East | 11,415 | 39% |
| North West | 9,836 | 38% |
| South East | <mark>11,696</mark> | <mark>35%</mark> |
| South West | 6,692 | 33% |
| Shropshire | 60,490 | 38% |
| England and Wales | 12,077,655 | 43% |

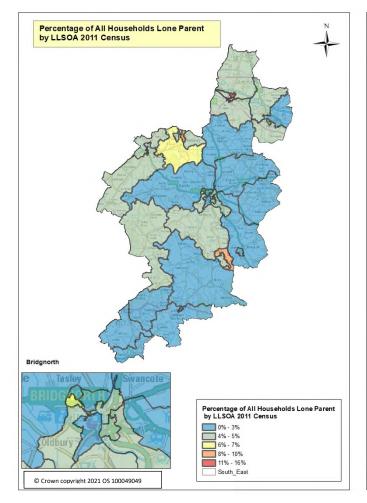
Dependent children refers to the number of children living in families who are classed as dependent. The table also shows the percentage of families who have dependent children as a percentage of all families living in households. (Table QS118 Census 2011). A dependent child is any person aged 0 to 15 in a household (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who's in full-time education and living in a family with his or her parent(s) or grandparent(s). It does not include any people aged 16 to 18 who have a spouse, partner or child living in the household.

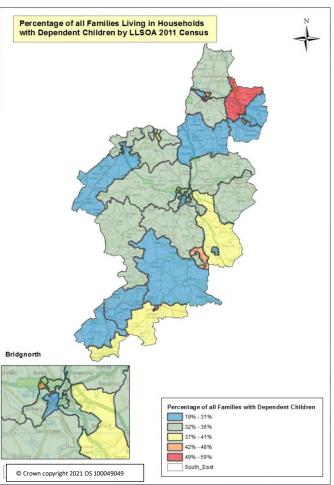
| Percentage of Lone Parent Households Top 5 LLSOA's South East Hub | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|--|--|
| LLSOA | Electoral Division | Number | Total Households | Percentage | | |
| E01028853 | Shifnal North | 71 | 641 | 12% | | |
| E01028849 | Highley | 76 | 893 | 11% | | |
| E01028838 | Broseley | 50 | 649 | 10% | | |
| E01028836 | Bridgnorth West and Tasley | 51 | 686 | 9% | | |
| E01028827 | Albrighton | 34 | 598 | 8% | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Percentage | of Families Living in a Households wh | no have D | enendent Children To | on 5 HSOA's | | |

| South East | South East Hub | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| LLSOA | Electoral Division | Number | Families Living in Households | Percentage | | | | |
| E01028844 | Shifnal and South Cosford | 229 | 415 | 55% | | | | |
| E01028827 | Albrighton | 209 | 454 | 46% | | | | |
| E01028836 | Bridgnorth West and Tasley | 178 | 409 | 44% | | | | |
| E01028849 | Highley | 257 | 588 | 44% | | | | |
| F01028853 | Shifnal North | 185 | 423 | 44% | | | | |

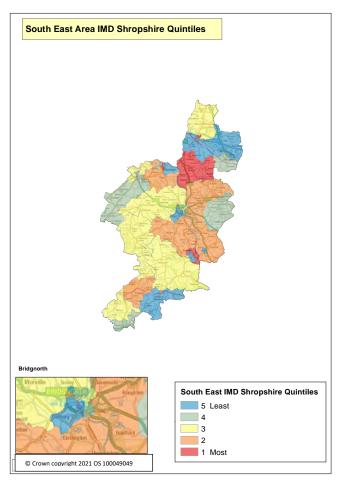
According to the 2011 Census the South East Hub areas had (4%) of households equating to 1183 who were lone parent. This is lower than Shropshire as a whole and less than England and Wales. The greatest numbers were located within Shifnal North, Highley and Broseley with (12%), (11%) and (10%) respectively of lone parent households. This is shown in the table above.

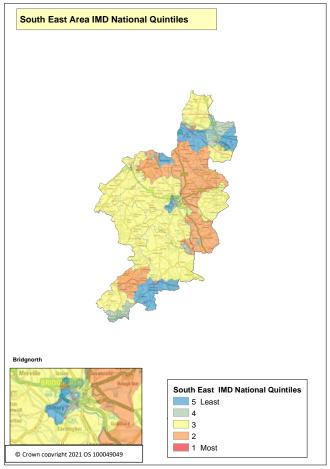
There were 11,696 dependent children living in households. When looking at all families living in households, (35%) of them had dependent children, less than (38%) for Shropshire and (43%) for England and Wales. The greatest numbers of families with dependent children were located in the electoral divisions of Shifnal and South Cosford, Albrighton, Bridgnorth West and Tasley, Highley and Shifnal North, shown in the above table.





Deprivation and Child Poverty





The overall Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is a composite index, created by combining the seven domains of deprivation. Certain domains are considered to make a greater contribution to the experience of multiple deprivation and for this reason the domains are each weighted according to their perceived importance. Once Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) have been ranked by their score in a particular domain this rank is used to divide them into deciles and quintiles within a larger area e.g. Shropshire or England. Here quintiles have been used to demonstrate the deprivation rates in the areas. A quintile is one fifth of the ranked LSOAs within the larger area, the first quintile contains areas that are within the 20% most deprived in the domain and the fifth contains the 20% least deprived.

The maps above show the Overall Index of Multiple Deprivation (2019) by Shropshire quintiles and National quintiles. Quintile 1 is the most deprived (20%) shaded in red, Quintile 5 is the least deprived.

The table below contains the number of LLSOA's within the hub area relative to the Overall IMD (2019) Shropshire Quintiles and relate to deprivation relative to Shropshire

| | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in |
| | Area | most deprived | second most | third most | fourth most | the least |
| | | Quintile 1 | deprived | deprived | deprived | deprived |
| | | | Quintile 2 | Quintile 3 | Quintile 4 | Quintile 5 |
| South East Area | 39 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 11 |

Estimated Number of under 5's living within LLSOA's relative to Shropshire Quintiles

| | Total Population Estimate 2018 | most deprived Quintile 1 | second most deprived Quintile 2 | third most deprived Quintile 3 | fourth most deprived Quintile 4 | least deprived Quintile 5 |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| South East Area | 65,212 | 387 | 494 | 746 | 516 | 893 |

Estimated Number of children aged 5 to 18 living within LLSOA's relative to Shropshire Quintiles

| | Total Population Estimate 2018 | most deprived Quintile 1 | second most deprived Quintile 2 | third most deprived Quintile 3 | fourth most deprived Quintile 4 | least deprived Quintile 5 |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| South East Area | 65,212 | 972 | 1791 | 2074 | 1709 | 2424 |

It is estimated that 387 children under 5 are living within the 20% most deprived quintile relative to Shropshire. This is approximately 12% of the total 0 to 4 population (3,036) estimated in the area. There were 4 LLSOA's falling into the most deprived (Quintile 1) in the hub area in 2019.

It is estimated that 972 children aged 5 to 18 are living within the 20% most deprived quintile relative to Shropshire. This is approximately 11% of the total 5 to 18 population (8,970) estimated in the area.

The tables below contain the number of LLSOA's within the hub area relative to the Overall IMD (2019) National Quintiles and relate to deprivation relative to England.

| | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in | LLSOA's in |
| | Area | most deprived | second most | third most | fourth most | the least |
| | | Quintile 1 | deprived | deprived | deprived | deprived |
| | | | Quintile 2 | Quintile 3 | Quintile 4 | Quintile 5 |
| South East Area | 39 | 0 | 10 | 14 | 9 | 6 |

Estimated Number of under 5's living within LLSOA's relative to National Quintiles

| | Total Population Estimate 2018 | most deprived Quintile 1 | second most deprived Quintile 2 | third most deprived Quintile 3 | fourth most deprived Quintile 4 | least deprived Quintile 5 |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| South East Area | 65,212 | 0 | 761 | 1118 | 659 | 498 |

Estimated Number of children aged 5 to 18 living within LLSOA's relative to National Quintiles

| | Total Population Estimate 2018 | most deprived Quintile 1 | second most deprived Quintile 2 | third most deprived Quintile 3 | fourth most deprived Quintile 4 | least deprived Quintile 5 |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| South East Area | 65,212 | 0 | 2282 | 3502 | 1732 | 1454 |

It is estimated that no children under 5 are living within the 20% most deprived quintile relative to England. There were approximately, 761 children or 25% of the total 0 to 4 population (3036) estimated in the area who were within the 40% most deprived nationally. There were 0 LLSOA's falling into the most deprived (Quintile 1) in the hub area in 2019 and 10 in the second most deprived (Quintile 2).

It is estimated that 0 children aged 5 to 18 are living within the 20% most deprived quintile relative to England.

Income Deprivation Affecting Children

The income deprivation affecting children index (**IDACI**) is a supplementary index of deprivation used in the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 and measures the proportion of children under the age of 16 that live in low income households in an area.

The table below contain the number of LLSOA's within the hub area relative to the **IDACI Index** (2019) Shropshire Quintiles and relate to deprivation relative to Shropshire

| | Number of LLSOA's in Area | Number of LLSOA's in most deprived Quintile 1 | Number of LLSOA's in second most deprived Quintile 2 | Number of LLSOA's in third most deprived Quintile 3 | Number of LLSOA's in fourth most deprived Quintile 4 | Number of LLSOA's in the least deprived Quintile 5 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| South East Area | 39 | 2 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 10 |

The tables below contain the number of LLSOA's within the hub area relative to the **IDACI Index** (2019) National Quintiles and relate to deprivation relative to England.

| | Number of LLSOA's in Area | Number of LLSOA's in most deprived Quintile 1 | Number of LLSOA's in second most deprived Quintile 2 | Number of LLSOA's in third most deprived Quintile 3 | Number of LLSOA's in fourth most deprived Quintile 4 | Number of LLSOA's in the least deprived Quintile 5 |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| South East Area | 39 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 11 | 10 |

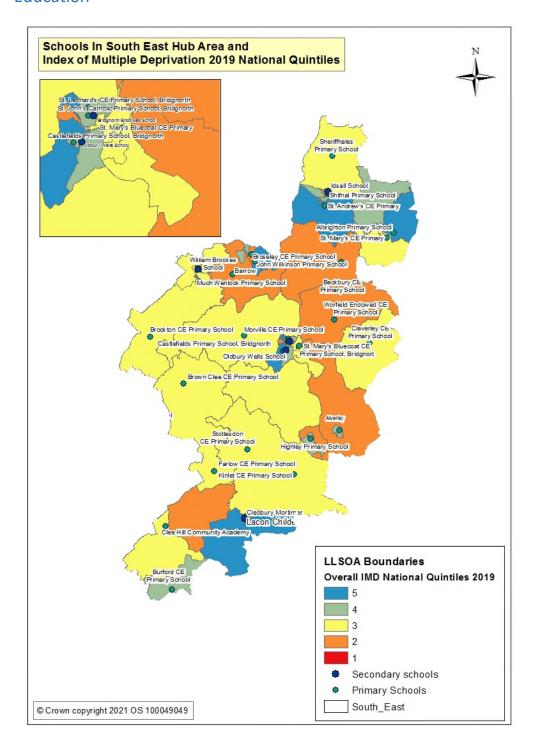
There were 2 LLSOA's within the 20% most deprived quintiles relative to Shropshire. This equates to approximately 206 (7%) children aged 0 to 4 years and 534 (6%) children aged 5 to 18 years. There were 0 LLSOA's within the 20% most deprived quintile relative to England.

Index of Multiple Deprivation Average Scores and Area Rank

| IMD 2019 Main Scores | Area Value | Area Rank | Shropshire Average |
|------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Overall IMD Score | 15.1 | 6 | 17.1 |
| Barriers to Housing and Services | 25.3 | 3 | 25.5 |
| Crime and Disorder | -0.6 | 3 (joint with Central South Hub | -0.6 |
| Education, Skills and Training | 15.1 | 5 | 17.8 |
| Employment | 0.1 | Equal | 0.1 |
| Health, deprivation and disability | -0.5 | 4 | -0.3 |
| Income | 0.1 | Equal | 0.1 |
| Living environment | 32.2 | 2 | 28.4 |

The IMD 2019 is not routinely available at family hub areas. The above table has been calculated by Shropshire Council to produce IMD scores for each of the IMD domains. The higher the score the more deprived an area is within that domain. The South East area has a lower score than Shropshire in the Overall IMD Score and Education, Skills and Training and is therefore less deprived than the Shropshire average in these respects. The area is more deprived in terms of living environment.

Education



Note. This map shows the location of a school and the index of multiple deprivation 2019. Pupils attending schools may live in a wide catchment area and travel to school from where they live or even from out of county. So the pupils attending the school may live in areas with different levels of deprivation than the school locality.

Number on Roll Totals as of January 2021 for Primary, Secondary and Nursery Schools

| Primary School | Location | NOR |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|
| Albrighton | Albrighton | 257 |
| Albrighton St Marys | Albrighton | 189 |
| Alveley | Alverley | 98 |
| Barrow 1618 Free School | Broseley | 94 |
| Beckbury | Beckbury, Shifnal | 43 |
| Bridgnorth Castlefields | Bridgnorth | 209 |
| Bridgnorth St Johns Catholic | Bridgnorth | 189 |
| Bridgnorth St Leonards | Bridgnorth | 289 |
| Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat | Bridgnorth | 194 |
| Brockton | Brockton, Much Wenlock | 59 |
| Broseley | Broseley | 244 |
| Broseley John Wilkinson | Broseley | 190 |
| Burford | Burford | 143 |
| Claverley | Claverley | 113 |
| Clee Hill | Clee Hill, Ludlow | 129 |
| Cleobury Mortimer | Cleobury | 566 |
| Ditton Priors Brown Clee | Ditton Priors | 107 |
| Farlow | Farlow, Cleobury Mortimer | 40 |
| Highley | Highley | 231 |
| Kinlet | Kinlet, Cleobury Mortimer | 34 |
| Morville | Morville | 56 |
| Much Wenlock | Much Wenlock | 188 |
| Sheriffhales | Sheriffhales, Shifnal | 82 |
| Shifnal | Shifnal | 345 |
| Shifnal St Andrews | Shifnal | 340 |
| Stottesdon | Stottesdon | 91 |
| Worfield Endowed | Worfield | 140 |

| Secondary School | Location | NOR |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Bridgnorth Endowed | Bridgnorth | 501 |
| William Brooks | Much Wenlock | 944 |
| Oldbury Wells | Bridgnorth | 915 |
| Lacon Childe | Cleobury Mortimer | 566 |
| Idsall | Shifnal | 1300 |
| South East Hub All Schools Total | | 8,558 |
| Shropshire All Schools Total | | 37,658 |

Early Years Census January 2021

| Nursery | Total NOR |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Alveley | 15 |
| Albrighton | 32 |
| Beckbury | 9 |
| Bridgnorth Castlefields | 24 |
| Bridgnorth St Leonards | 29 |
| Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat | 22 |
| Broseley John Wilkinson | 27 |
| Clee Hill | 36 |
| Cleobury Mortimer | 24 |
| Much Wenlock | 27 |
| Shifnal | 58 |
| Stottesdon | 20 |
| Worfield Endowed | 8 |

Early Years Census January 2021

The Early Years Census is a statutory census that takes place every January. All local authorities must submit data for this census. The census collects information about early years providers who receive direct government funding for 1, 2, 3 or 4 year-olds, including: all private, voluntary or independent nurseries and providers of early years education, schools that provide day care for full days or in shorter sessions and childminders and childminding networks.

Early Years Census totals by Age

| | Age | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-------|--|--|
| All Settings | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Total | | |
| | 19 | 185 | 399 | 12 | 615 | | |

In the South East Hub there were 615 children aged between 1 and 4 attending an early years provider. Most of these children were aged 3. These figures are made up mainly from private nurseries and voluntary provision and also childminders and registered independent schools.

Childcare Places and Sufficiency Annual Information

Local authorities in England are legally required to 'secure sufficient childcare' for families in their area and to report annually on how well they are achieving in this area. There is no simple, uniform method for reporting on this and Shropshire has taken the decision to include childcare sufficiency information within the overall Family Hub Profiles for each area. It is Shropshire Councils view that the breadth of data included in the hub profiles will provide a comprehensive overview of the economic and social circumstances of each area. The availability of good quality, affordable and accessible childcare is an important element of the Local Authorities overall plan to reduce social inequality and improve outcomes for children and families.

The overall quality of registered childcare provision in Shropshire, as judged by Ofsted through their on-going inspection process, is higher than national and regional averages. The table overleaf gives specific detail on the number of childcare places available within the area. When looking at the tables it should be remembered that:

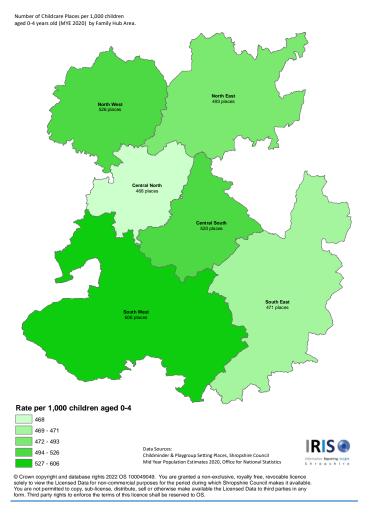
- not all families will access formal registered childcare provision
- some families will prefer to access a childcare place outside of the area in which they live, for example choosing to use a place nearer to their place of work
- many families will only access provision for some of the day/week so that one full-time childcare place could meet the needs of more than one child and family
- within certain guidelines childcare providers can be flexible in how many places they offer to each particular age range of children

Taking all of this into account, alongside regular feedback from parents and childcare providers, it is the view of the Local Authority that it is currently fulfilling its statutory duty to secure sufficient childcare places in the area.

There are areas, which Shropshire Council recognises, where there is a need to continue to work to further improve opportunities for families to access the particular childcare they need. These priorities at the moment are:

- to continue to work in partnership with childcare providers to increase the availability of places for children aged Under 2 years
- to encourage schools in particular to offer as wide a choice as possible of before and after school childcare provision for school aged children
- to continue to develop the quality and availability of childcare provision for children with special and additional needs, in particular with a view to allowing children to access provision within their local communities rather than having to travel to specialist provision in Shrewsbury and beyond

The table and map below provide details of childcare places by Family Hub Area.



These figures represent an estimate of childcare places at any given time based on local intelligence. The number of childcare places can change quickly. These figures include childcare places within schools. Some childcare organisations are not required to register with Ofsted but can volunteer to add themselves to the voluntary register, but it is not compulsory, and establishments can deregister at any time.

| Registered Childcare Places by Family Hub Area February 2022 Data Source: Shropshire Council | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Family Hub Area | Rate per 1,000 aged 0-4 | | | | | | |
| North West | 1233 | 2343 | 526 | | | | |
| Central South | 1282 | 2467 | 520 | | | | |
| Central North | 1350 | 2885 | 468 | | | | |
| South East | 1418 | 3013 | 471 | | | | |
| South West | 817 | 1348 | 606 | | | | |
| North East | 1348 | 2732 | 493 | | | | |

Mid-Year Population Estimates 2020, Office for National Statistics © Crown copyright and database right 2022

Children with SEN and Children with Free School Meals Entitlement January 2021 School Census

| School Name | SEN - EHCP - (as at Jan 2021) Percentage | SEN Support (K) (as at Jan 2021)- Percentage | Current FSM (as at Jan 2021) Percentage |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Highley | * | 16.9 | 24.2 |
| Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat | 4.6 | 12.4 | 23.7 |
| Kinlet | * | * | 23.5 |
| Cleobury Mortimer | 3.4 | 15.1 | 23.1 |
| Clee Hill | * | 10.1 | 17.8 |
| Broseley | * | 12.3 | 15.6 |
| Bridgnorth St Leonards | * | 16.6 | 15.2 |
| Much Wenlock | * | 16.0 | 14.4 |
| Alveley | * | 12.2 | 13.3 |
| Cleobury Mortimer Lacon Childe | 4.1 | 6.7 | 13.1 |
| Shifnal | 2.0 | 4.6 | 13.0 |
| Broseley John Wilkinson | * | 11.6 | 12.6 |
| Claverley | * | 20.4 | 12.4 |
| Bridgnorth Endowed | 1.2 | 11.8 | 12.0 |
| Bridgnorth Oldbury Wells | 1.7 | 7.3 | 11.7 |
| Burford | * | 13.3 | 11.2 |
| Albrighton St Marys | 0.0 | 8.5 | 10.6 |
| Albrighton | 2.7 | 9.7 | 10.1 |
| Much Wenlock William Brookes | 2.0 | 12.8 | 10.0 |
| Sheriffhales | * | 8.5 | 9.8 |
| Shifnal Idsall | 1.6 | 8.5 | 9.5 |
| Ditton Priors Brown Clee | * | 9.3 | 9.3 |
| Shifnal St Andrews | * | 5.3 | 8.2 |
| Worfield Endowed | * | 6.4 | 7.1 |
| Bridgnorth St Johns Catholic | * | 5.8 | 6.3 |
| Barrow 1618 Free School | * | 13.8 | *3 |
| Bridgnorth Castlefields | * | 7.7 | 5.3 |
| Farlow | 0.0 | 15.0 | * |
| Stottesdon | * | 9.9 | * |
| Beckbury | 0.0 | 16.3 | * |
| Morville | 0.0 | 14.3 | * |
| Brockton | * | * | * |
| South East Hub | 1.8 | 10.1 | 11.8 |
| Shropshire | 2.4 | 11.3 | 15.5 |

NB: SEN, FSM, Ethnicity and Language figures are taken from the Spring 2021 School Census (as at January 2021). These figures exclude nursery children so are only representative of reception age plus. All data which would reveal numbers 5 or below has been suppressed and marked with a * for disclosure control.

The table above shows children who have a SEN and also children in receipt of free school meals in the area. Those highlighted in red show a level of free school meals take up which is significantly above the Shropshire rate of (15.5%) and above the national rate for free school meals (19.7% Autumn 2020). Nationally FSM take up has begun to increase,

due to the Covid 19 Pandemic which has increased the number of children eligible for free school meals. (Entitlement to free school meals is determined by the receipt of certain income-related benefits). As the number of benefit claimants increases, the proportion of pupils eligible for FSM rises. (School Census January 2021. FSM excludes universal provision for KS1 children).

SEN is shown as the proportion of children with an ECHP (Education Support and Health Plan) these children need a greater level of support. The Shropshire average is (2.4%), the table above shows schools in the area have similar levels to Shropshire with Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat and Lacon Childe having slightly higher levels. The table also measure SEN provision in terms of SEN support which is children who need support but less than a formal ECHP. The Shropshire average is (11.3%) some schools have levels above this average e.g Claverley, Bridgnorth St Leonards and Highley.

Ethnicity by School

The table shows ethnicity within the schools. The pupil population is predominantly white with all but three schools being over (90%) white. These schools were Albrighton (89.9% white) Shifnal Idsall (88.8% white), William Brookes (76.0% white). Although William Brookes had a larger percentage of people refusing to state an ethnicity, so this is likely to alter the results.

Levels of ethnic diversity are similar to Shropshire in the area and lower than national averages. Shifnall Idsall shows a higher level of diversity with (3.7%) Asian or Asian British and (4.2%) mixed dual background.

| School Name | White | Asian or Asian British | Black or Black British | Chinese | Mixed / Dual Background | Any Other Ethnic Group | Info Not Yet Obtained | Refused |
|-----------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Albrighton | 89.9 | * | * | 0.0 | 6.2 | * | * | 0.0 |
| Albrighton St Marys | 94.2 | * | * | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Alveley | 95.9 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Barrow 1618 Free School | 91.5 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Beckbury | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bridgnorth Castlefields | 91.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 | * | * | 5.3 |
| Bridgnorth Endowed | 95.6 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Bridgnorth Oldbury Wells | 95.1 | 1.3 | * | * | 2.2 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Bridgnorth St Johns Catholic | 95.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * | * |
| Bridgnorth St Leonards | 94.8 | * | 0.0 | * | 2.1 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 |
| Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat | 94.3 | * | 0.0 | * | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Brockton | 96.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Broseley | 95.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 |
| Broseley John Wilkinson | 91.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.2 | * | 4.7 | * |
| Burford | 95.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * | * |
| Claverley | 95.6 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | * | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Clee Hill | 95.3 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 |
| Cleobury Mortimer | 96.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | * | 0.0 | * | * |
| Cleobury Mortimer Lacon Childe | 92.9 | * | * | 0.0 | 2.3 | * | * | 2.7 |

| Ditton Priors Brown Clee | 96.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
|---------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|---|---------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| School Name | White | Asian or Asian British | Black or Black British | Chinese | Vixed / Dual Background | Any Other Ethnic Group | Info Not Yet Obtained | Refused |
| Farlow | 92.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Highley | 94.4 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Kinlet | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Morville | 92.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * | 0.0 |
| Much Wenlock | 96.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Much Wenlock William Brookes | 76.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 20.0 |
| Sheriffhales | 91.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * | * |
| Shifnal | 91.6 | 2.0 | * | * | 4.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Shifnal Idsall | 88.8 | 3.7 | 1.2 | * | 4.2 | * | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Shifnal St Andrews | 91.8 | 3.2 | * | 0.0 | 2.9 | * | * | * |
| Stottesdon | 98.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Worfield Endowed | 94.3 | * | 0.0 | * | * | * | * | * |
| South East Hub | 91.3 | 4. | 4.9% (all other ethnic group) 3.8% info not obtained or refused | | | | | |
| Shropshire | 93.5 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 2.7 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.0 |

All data which would reveal numbers 5 or below has been suppressed and marked with a * for disclosure control.

Language

The schools in the areas are similar to Shropshire in terms of Language, there are no schools significantly greater than the Shropshire average in terms of speaking languages other than English. The South East Hub as a whole has a lower

| School Name | English | Other than English | Refused | Not Obtained |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Albrighton | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Albrighton St Marys | 98.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Alveley | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Barrow 1618 Free School | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Beckbury | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bridgnorth Castlefields | 98.6 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Bridgnorth Endowed | 98.0 | 1.8 | * | 0.0 |
| Bridgnorth Oldbury Wells | 98.6 | 1.2 | * | * |
| Bridgnorth St Johns Catholic | 96.8 | * | 0.0 | * |
| Bridgnorth St Leonards | 97.2 | * | 0.0 | * |
| Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat | 99.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Brockton | 94.9 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Broseley | 99.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Broseley John Wilkinson | 97.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| Burford | 96.5 | * | 0.0 | * |
| Claverley | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Clee Hill | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Cleobury Mortimer | 97.9 | * | * | 0.0 |
| Cleobury Mortimer Lacon Childe | 98.9 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Ditton Priors Brown Clee | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Farlow | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Highley | 95.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| Kinlet | 97.1 | 0.0 | * | * |
| Morville | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Much Wenlock | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Much Wenlock William Brookes | 98.8 | * | * | 0.0 |
| Sheriffhales | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Shifnal | 97.1 | * | 0.0 | * |
| Shifnal Idsall | 97.8 | 2.0 | * | * |
| Shifnal St Andrews | 97.9 | * | 0.0 | * |
| Stottesdon | 95.6 | * | 0.0 | * |
| Worfield Endowed | 96.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | * |
| South East Hub | 98.3 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Shropshire | 95.9 | 2.9 | 0.1 | 1.1 |

proportion of pupils speaking with a language other than English (0.9%) compared to (2.9%) for Shropshire.

Attendance

Levels of absence (authorised or unauthorised) were greatest in Bridgnorth Endowed (6.9%), William Brooks (5.9%), Bridgnorth Oldbury Wells (5.7%). The Shropshire average was (4.7%). Absence Levels are generally higher in secondary schools and where the school is located in a more deprived area.

Absence and Exclusions figures and Attainment. This data is published DfE SFR 2018-2019 figures. Due to Covid19, the DfE are not publishing 2019-2020 academic years data. Therefore these are the last published figures.

| School Name | * Percentage of overall absence (authorised and unauthorised) for the full 2018/19 academic year | Percentage Attendance for the full 2018/19 academic year |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Albrighton | 3.7 | 96.3 |
| Albrighton St Marys | 3.2 | 96.8 |
| Alveley | 4.0 | 96.0 |
| Barrow 1618 Free School | 2.5 | 97.5 |
| Beckbury | 3.0 | 97.0 |
| Bridgnorth Castlefields | 2.9 | 97.1 |
| Bridgnorth Endowed | 6.9 | 93.1 |
| Bridgnorth Oldbury Wells | 5.7 | 94.3 |
| Bridgnorth St Johns Catholic | 3.6 | 96.4 |
| Bridgnorth St Leonards | 5.2 | 94.8 |
| Bridgnorth St Marys Bluecoat | 3.8 | 96.2 |
| Brockton | 3.6 | 96.4 |
| Broseley | 3.4 | 96.6 |
| Broseley John Wilkinson | 3.0 | 97.0 |
| Burford | 3.9 | 96.1 |
| Claverley | 3.1 | 96.9 |
| Clee Hill | 3.2 | 96.8 |
| Cleobury Mortimer | 3.6 | 96.4 |
| Cleobury Mortimer Lacon Childe | 5.0 | 95.0 |
| Ditton Priors Brown Clee | 3.2 | 96.8 |
| Farlow | 3.5 | 96.5 |
| Highley | 5.1 | 94.9 |
| Kinlet | 4.9 | 95.1 |
| Morville | 5.1 | 94.9 |
| Much Wenlock | 3.9 | 96.1 |
| Much Wenlock William Brookes | 5.9 | 94.1 |
| Sheriffhales | 3.5 | 96.5 |
| Shifnal | 4.4 | 95.6 |
| Shifnal Idsall | 4.6 | 95.4 |
| Shifnal St Andrews | 3.1 | 96.9 |
| Stottesdon | 3.8 | 96.2 |
| Worfield Endowed | 3.3 | 96.7 |

Attainment

The table below shows KS2 results for schools in the area. The first column shows the results for reading, writing and maths and the percentage of pupils who achieved the expected results, ordered from lowest to highest. Five schools had lower levels than the Shropshire and national averages of (65.5%) and (64.9%). These schools are highlighted in grey in the table. Schools near deprived areas is a common factor in pupil attainment levels. In addition more rural schools show, in some cases lower attainment, which could be due to lower funding levels, rural isolation and small pockets of deprivation.

| | Reading Writing | g and Maths | Rea | ading | Writing TA | | Maths | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|---------|----------|------------|-------|---------|----------|
| | | | Average | | | | Average | |
| School | Expected | High | Score | Expected | Expected | GDS | Score | Expected |
| Kinlet CofE Primary School | 20.0% | 0.0% | 100.0 | 40.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 95.6 | 20.0% |
| Clee Hill Community Primary School | 37.5% | 18.8% | 100.9 | 37.5% | 81.3% | 31.3% | 103.6 | 75.0% |
| Highley Community Primary School | 42.1% | 5.3% | 100.4 | 52.6% | 73.7% | 15.8% | 101.8 | 65.8% |
| St John's Catholic Primary School | 51.5% | 12.1% | 103.1 | 69.7% | 66.7% | 18.2% | 103.6 | 72.7% |
| St Mary CofE Primary School | 61.9% | 14.3% | 105.6 | 76.2% | 85.7% | 19.0% | 103.9 | 66.7% |
| Worfield Endowed CofE Primary School | 64.0% | 8.0% | 103.5 | 72.0% | 92.0% | 52.0% | 104.6 | 72.0% |
| Much Wenlock Primary School | 64.3% | 10.7% | 104.3 | 75.0% | 71.4% | 10.7% | 103.3 | 75.0% |
| Brown Clee CofE Primary School | 66.7% | 8.3% | 106.6 | 100.0% | 83.3% | 8.3% | 102.7 | 75.0% |
| Burford CofE Primary School | 68.8% | 6.3% | 104.2 | 68.8% | 75.0% | 25.0% | 102.6 | 75.0% |
| St Leonard's CofE Primary School | 70.8% | 20.8% | 106.2 | 79.2% | 89.6% | 33.3% | 106.0 | 87.5% |
| Morville CofE (Controlled) Primary School | 71.4% | 0.0% | 106.3 | 85.7% | 71.4% | 28.6% | 101.4 | 71.4% |
| Castlefields Primary School | 72.4% | 17.2% | 105.0 | 75.9% | 86.2% | 27.6% | 105.9 | 86.2% |
| Farlow CofE Primary School | 75.0% | 0.0% | 105.8 | 75.0% | 100.0% | 25.0% | 103.8 | 100.0% |
| Sheriffhales Primary School | 75.0% | 0.0% | 104.4 | 81.3% | 93.8% | 18.8% | 103.9 | 81.3% |
| St Mary's Bluecoat CofE (VA) Primary School | 77.8% | 7.4% | 106.3 | 92.6% | 96.3% | 40.7% | 106.1 | 81.5% |
| John Wilkinson Primary School | 78.6% | 10.7% | 109.1 | 89.3% | 89.3% | 39.3% | 106.4 | 92.9% |
| Alveley Primary School | 80.0% | 13.3% | 103.7 | 80.0% | 80.0% | 26.7% | 106.6 | 86.7% |
| Brockton CofE Primary School | 80.0% | 13.3% | 109.2 | 100.0% | 80.0% | 20.0% | 105.6 | 100.0% |
| Broseley CE Primary School | 82.4% | 14.7% | 106.0 | 85.3% | 85.3% | 26.5% | 105.7 | 88.2% |
| Claverley CofE Primary School | 82.4% | 11.8% | 106.8 | 94.1% | 82.4% | 17.6% | 107.5 | 88.2% |
| Cleobury Mortimer Primary School | 83.7% | 20.4% | 107.3 | 91.8% | 91.8% | 38.8% | 108.0 | 91.8% |
| St Andrew's CofE Primary School | 83.7% | 14.0% | 108.5 | 90.7% | 86.0% | 18.6% | 108.2 | 86.0% |
| Barrow 1618 CofE Free School | 84.6% | 23.1% | 110.2 | 92.3% | 84.6% | 38.5% | 106.3 | 92.3% |
| Shifnal Primary School | 86.3% | 11.8% | 107.6 | 94.1% | 100.0% | 31.4% | 107.7 | 90.2% |
| Albrighton Primary School | 86.7% | 20.0% | 108.1 | 86.7% | 86.7% | 53.3% | 107.4 | 86.7% |
| Stottesdon CofE Primary School | 93.3% | 20.0% | 110.4 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 33.3% | 108.4 | 93.3% |
| Beckbury CofE Primary School | 100.0% | 0.0% | 103.5 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 50.0% | 103.5 | 100.0% |
| Shropshire | 65.5% | 10.4% | 104.7 | 75.2% | 79.5% | 21.1% | 104.9 | 78.6% |
| National (state-funded schools) | 64.9% | 10.6% | 104.4 | 73.2% | 78.4% | 20.1% | 105.0 | 78.7% |

Note: The table on page 26 shows the percentage of children reaching the expected standard in reading, writing and maths (RWM) and also the percentage of children reaching the higher standard in RWM. The other columns show the average score for each school for reading and maths and also the percentage of pupils reaching the expected standard. The table also shows children reaching the expected standard in writing. The GDS in the writing results refers to a teacher assessment code meaning children working at greater depth within the expected standard.

Secondary School Attainment

| | Avg. At8 Score | Avg. Pr8 Score | Conf. Int. |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Idsall School | 49.7 | -0.16 | ±0.17 |
| Oldbury Wells School | 49.5 | +0.27 | ±0.21 |
| William Brookes School | 47.2 | -0.10 | ±0.20 |
| Bridgnorth Endowed School | 45.2 | -0.23 | ±0.23 |
| | | | |
| National (all schools) | 44.8 | -0.08 | ±0.00 |
| National (state-funded schools) | 46.7 | -0.03 | ±0.00 |
| LA (state-funded schools) - Shropshire | 46.2 | -0.08 | ±0.05 |

Attainment 8 score (student's **Attainment 8 score** is calculated by adding up their points for their **eight** subjects and dividing by 10 to get their **Attainment 8 score**. Students don't have to take **eight** subjects, but they **score** zero for any unfilled slots). A school's **Progress 8 score** is usually between -1 and +1. A **score** of +1 means that pupils in that school achieve one grade higher in each qualification than other similar pupils nationally. A **score** of -1 means they achieve one grade lower. The average **Progress 8 score** of all secondary schools nationally is 0.

The average attainment 8 scores in the secondary schools in the hub area are slightly higher than Shropshire and national averages. The progress 8 added value scores are greater or similar to Shropshire and national averages. Though these scores are subject to confidence intervals plus or minus so are an estimate based on a sample.

Exclusions

The tables below show school exclusions for secondary Schools in the area. At secondary level Bridgnorth Endowed (19.7%) and William Brookes (10.9%) had a higher level of fixed term exclusions compared to the Shropshire and national averages of 4.96% and 5.36%.

| School Name | * Percentage Fixed Term Exclusions full 2018/19 academic year |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Bridgnorth Endowed | 19.7 |
| Bridgnorth Oldbury Wells | 5.0 |
| Cleobury Mortimer Lacon Childe | 1.5 |
| Much Wenlock William Brookes | 10.9 |
| Shropshire | 4.96 |
| England | 5.36 |

Source: DFE Permanent and Fixed Term Exclusions 2018/19

Safeguarding and Early Help

The data for children's safeguarding below, relates to cases active in the last 3 years, for the years 2020 to 2021 and 2019 to 2020. The tables shows approximate figures for Children in Need Plans (CIN), Child Protection Plans (CPP) and Looked After Children (LAC) LAC includes in and out of County. The data has been matched to location using postcode data but some records are missing due to no postcode/error or postcodes being out of county and hub areas. The data is based on unique child count to avoid duplicates; however, some duplicates may occur due to the child having more than one plan type, i.e. moved from CP to LAC, etc.

The South East Hub had the second lowest number of children with a one of the three plans. There has been a slight rise in numbers in 2020/21 compared with 2019/20 in all areas and at Shropshire level.

Safeguarding Numbers for Year 1st April 2020 to 31st March 2021

| Hub | CIN | СРР | LAC | Total |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Central North | 158 | 135 | 92 | 385 |
| Central South | 177 | 123 | 114 | 414 |
| North East | 147 | 114 | 96 | 357 |
| North West | 175 | 126 | 115 | 416 |
| South East | 113 | 66 | 74 | 253 |
| South West | 65 | 50 | 67 | 182 |
| Shropshire | 835 | 620 | 563 | 2018 |

Source: Shropshire Council Liquid Logic Database June 2021, 143 records not matched to hub areas. There were 635 LAC cases for Shropshire in and out of County combined.

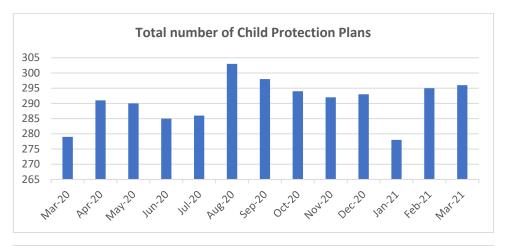
Safeguarding Numbers for Year 1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020

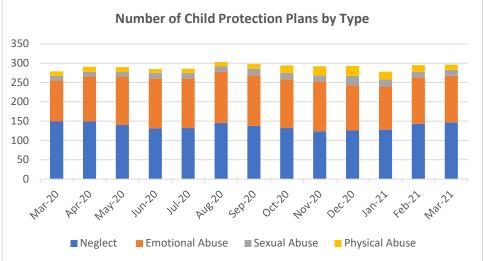
| Hub | CIN | СРР | LAC | Total |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Central North | 124 | 115 | 116 | 355 |
| Central South | <mark>100</mark> | <mark>120</mark> | <mark>127</mark> | <mark>347</mark> |
| North East | 127 | 106 | 114 | 347 |
| North West | 122 | 110 | 113 | 345 |
| South East | 71 | 73 | 76 | 220 |
| South West | 56 | 53 | 66 | 175 |
| Shropshire | 600 | 577 | 612 | 1789 |

Source: Shropshire Council Liquid Logic Database June 2021, 180 records not matched to hub areas. There were 704 LAC cases for Shropshire in and out of County combined.

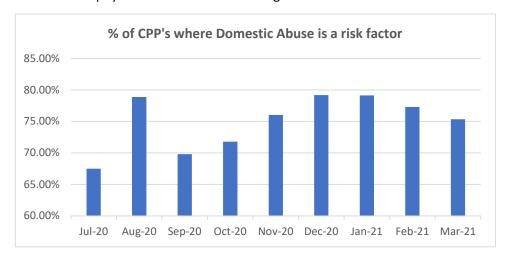
Shropshire Safeguarding

The charts below have been extracted from a Shropshire Safeguarding Review 2021 (Shropshire Council) and show what is happening at Shropshire level in terms of safeguarding over the period of the Covid 19 Pandemic. (due to numbers, accuracy and volume this data is not reported at hub level, however trends are likely to be similar). There appears to be a slight upward trend in the number of children receiving some kind of safeguarding plan.

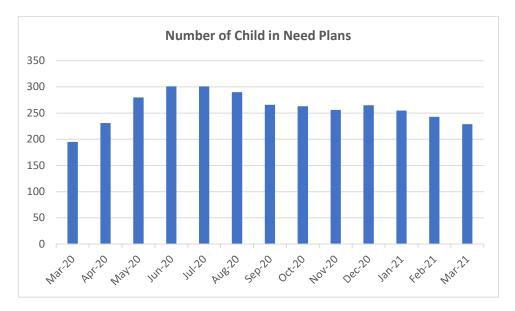




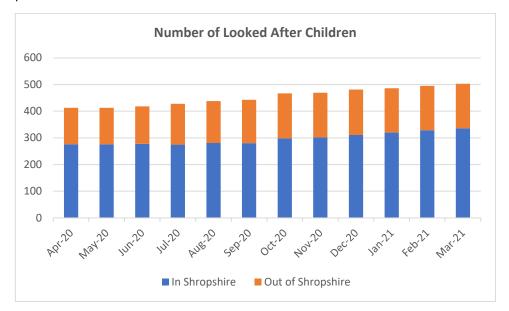
The number of Child Protection plans has varied from a low of 278 in January to a high of 303 in August. During the year to December there has been, albeit based on small numbers, a reduction in the rate of neglect and an increase in the rate of physical and sexual abuse. Neglect rates have shown an increase during the last quarter.



The number of child protection Plans where Domestic Abuse is a risk factor has been recorded since July 2020. The percentage of plans where Domestic Abuse is a risk factor appears to have increased during this period. There is limited data for this measure and recording accuracy may improve in the initial adoption period.

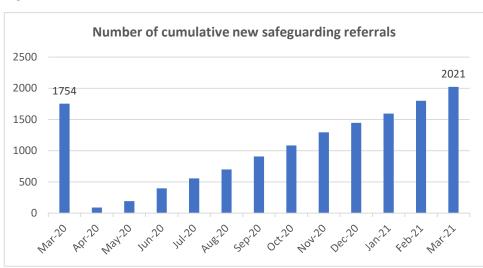


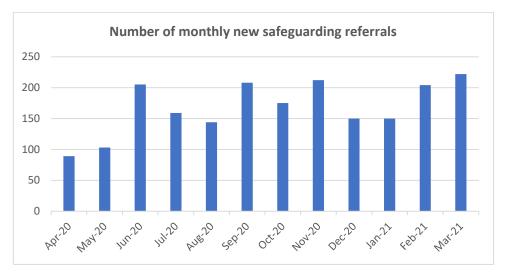
The number of Children in Need plans at the end of March 2020 was 195. Numbers for 2020/21 increased from March and peaked at 301 in June and July. Numbers have since decreased and have finished the year with 229 plans.



The number of Looked After Children (LAC) has seen a continual increase throughout the year. The total LAC at March 2021 was 503. This is an increase of 104 or 26% on the year to March 2020.

Whilst West Midland authorities have also seen an increase the rate of increase in Shropshire does appear to be higher.





The number of new safeguarding referrals to the year ending March 2021 was 2021. This is an increase of 267 or 15.2% compared to year ending March 2020. The number of new referrals range from 89 in April to 222 in March

Early Help

The Early Help Assessment, is an early assessment and planning tool to facilitate coordinated multi-agency support. It enables professionals to efficiently identify the emerging needs of children and young people at risk of poor outcomes; it reduces duplication of assessment and improves involvement between agencies.

Targeted Early Help Services, work with children, young people aged 0 - 19 and their families who need support but do not need the help of social care. They deal with all the issues a family faces, through direct work and through the coordination of other agencies. Targeted Early Help is provided in family homes and community settings.

Troubled Families is a national programme of targeted intervention for **families** with multiple problems, including crime, anti-social behaviour, truancy, unemployment, mental health problems and domestic abuse.

Early Help Assessments April 2019 to March 2020

| | • | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Hub Area | Assessments by Family | Number of Children | Rate per 1,000 population 0-18 Years |
| Central South | 82 | 174 | 16.6 |
| Central North | 91 | 205 | 16.7 |
| North East | 94 | 206 | 17.6 |
| North West | 99 | 206 | 19.2 |
| South East | 93 | 186 | 15.5 |
| South West | 65 | 148 | 23.7 |
| Shropshire | 524 | 1125 | 17.8 |

Source: Early Help Data, Shropshire Council. Matched postcode only

Note: Two years of data have been shown (pre pandemic and post pandemic) but is difficult to draw conclusions due to a migration of data to a new reporting system which may make direct comparisons less reliable.

Early Help Assessments April 2020 to March 2021

| Hub Area | Assessments by Family | Number of Children | Rate per 1,000 population 0-18 Years |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Central South | 65 | 116 | 11.1 |
| Central North | 99 | 162 | 13.2 |
| North East | 83 | 154 | 13.1 |
| North West | 76 | 156 | 14.5 |
| South East | 81 | 146 | 12.2 |
| South West | 76 | 167 | 26.7 |
| Shropshire | 480 | 901 | 14.2 |

Source: Early Help Data, Shropshire Council. Matched postcodes only

Targeted Assessments as of End of March 2020

| Hub Area | Targeted Early Help by Families | Number of Children | Rate per 1,000 population 0-18 Years | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Central South | 43 | 101 | 9.6 | |
| Central North | 44 | 100 | 8.1 | |
| North East | 79 | 185 | 15.8 | |
| North West | 47 | 103 | 9.6 | |
| South East | 71 | 167 | 13.9 | |
| South West | 23 | 43 | 6.9 | |
| Shropshire | 307 | 699 | 11.3 | |

Targeted Assessments as of End of March 2021

| Hub Area | Targeted Early Help by Families | Number of Children | Rate per 1,000 population 0-18 Years | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Central South | 33 | 71 | 6.8 | |
| Central North | 48 | 108 | 8.8 | |
| North East | 69 | 153 | 13.0 | |
| North West | 68 | 136 | 12.7 | |
| South East | 42 | 94 | 7.8 | |
| South West | 17 | 40 | 6.4 | |
| Shropshire | 277 | 602 | 9.6 | |

Troubled Families April 2019 to March 2020

| | Families | Children | Rate per 1,000 Pop aged 0-18 years |
|---------------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Central South | 52 | 232 | 22.1 |
| Central North | 52 | 258 | 21.0 |
| North East | 53 | 256 | 21.8 |
| North West | 59 | 276 | 25.7 |
| South East | 58 | 267 | 22.2 |
| South West | 40 | 195 | 31.2 |
| Shropshire | 314 | 1484 | 23.4 |

Troubled Families April 2020 to March 2021

| Hub | Families | Children | Rate per 1,000 Pop aged 0-18 years |
|---------------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Central South | 29 | 136 | 13.0 |
| Central North | 48 | 229 | 18.7 |
| North East | 43 | 203 | 17.3 |
| North West | 50 | 226 | 21.1 |
| South East | 45 | 208 | 17.3 |
| South West | 32 | 154 | 24.6 |
| Shropshire | 247 | 1156 | 18.2 |

Source: Troubled Families Data, Shropshire Council

Housing

Tenure

The area had a similar number of houses that were owned (68.7%) compared to Shropshire (69.2%). The area had a similar proportion of houses which were social rented (see table overleaf) (13.0%) compared to Shropshire (13.5%) but fewer than England and Wales (17.6%). The majority of social housing was rented from Shropshire Council. There were a similar amount of houses privately rented (15.8%) compared to Shropshire (15.0%).

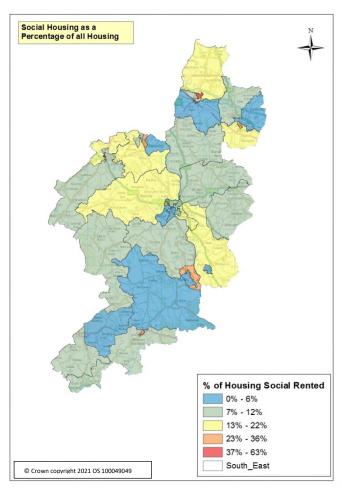
The areas with the greatest level of social housing fell in Shifnal North and Bridgnorth and Tasley, see table overleaf.

| | All households | Owned | Owned Outright | Owned: Owned with a mortgage or loan | Shared ownership (part owned and part rented) |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Area | number | % | % | % | % |
| Central South | 20,057 | 68.8% | 36.3% | 32.5% | 0.6% |
| Central North | 23,589 | 68.7% | 36% | 33% | 1% |
| North East | 22,286 | 70.0% | 37% | 33% | 1% |
| North West | 20,700 | 70.2% | 38% | 32% | 1% |
| South East | <mark>26,481</mark> | 68.7% | 39% | <mark>29%</mark> | <mark>0%</mark> |
| South West | 16,561 | 68.4% | 46% | 22% | 1% |
| Shropshire | 129,674 | 69.2% | 39% | 31% | 1% |
| England and Wales | 23,366,044 | 63.6% | 30.8% | 32.7% | 0.8% |

Source: 2011 Census

| Hub | Social rented | Social rented: Rented from council (Local Authority) | Social rented: Other | Private rented | Living rent free |
|-------------------|--------------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | % | % | % | % | % |
| Central South | 15.9% | 4.3% | 11.6% | 13.0% | 1.6% |
| Central North | 13.1% | 3.7% | 9.4% | 16.2% | 1.3% |
| North East | 12.4% | 1.8% | 10.6% | 15.3% | 1.5% |
| North West | 14.0% | 8.8% | 5.1% | 13.6% | 1.7% |
| South East | <mark>13.0%</mark> | <mark>8.6%</mark> | <mark>4.4%</mark> | <mark>15.8%</mark> | <mark>2.0%</mark> |
| South West | 12.3% | 1.1% | 11.2% | 15.6% | 2.5% |
| Shropshire | 13.5% | 5.0% | 8.5% | 15.0% | 1.8% |
| England and Wales | 17.6% | 9.4% | 8.2% | 15.3% | 1.4% |

| | Percentage of Social Housing Top 5 LLSOA's South East Hub | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--------|------------|--|--|--|
| LLSOA | Electoral Division | Number | Percentage | | | |
| E01028853 | Shifnal North | 131 | 44.6 | | | |
| E01028836 | Bridgnorth West and Tasley | 151 | 35.7 | | | |
| E01028838 | Broseley | 138 | 34.4 | | | |
| E01028849 | Highley | 168 | 26.0 | | | |
| E01028827 | Albrighton | 131 | 24.4 | | | |



Housing Type

| Area | Total Dwellings | Whole house or bungalow: Detached | Whole house or bungalow: Semi- detached | Whole house or bungalow: Terraced (including end- terrace) | Flat, maisonette or apartment: Purpose-built block of flats or tenement | Flat, maisonette or apartment: Part of a converted or shared house (including bed- sits) | Flat, maisonette or apartment: In a commercial building | Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Shropshire | 135,572 | 39.5 | 33.4 | 16.8 | 6.6 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| ngland and Wales | 24,359,880 | 22.6 | 30.7 | 24.7 | 16.3 | 4.2 | 1.1 | 0.4 |
| South East | 27,784 | 40.6 | 33 | 16.2 | 5.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.1 |

Source 2011 Census

Housing Composition

| Household Composition | Shropshire | England and Wales | South East Hub |
|--|------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | % | % | % |
| One person household | 28.9 | 30.2 | 27.2 |
| One person household: Aged 65 and over | 13.9 | 12.4 | 13.9 |
| One family only: Married or same- sex civil partnership couple | 36.4 | 33.2 | 39.1 |
| One family only: Married or same- sex civil partnership couple: Dependent children | 15.3 | 15.2 | 15.6 |
| One family only: Cohabiting couple | 10 | 9.8 | 9.4 |
| One family only: Cohabiting couple: Dependent children | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.6 |
| One family only: Lone parent: Dependent children | 5.2 | 7.2 | 4.5 |

Source 2011 Census

In terms of housing type the area is similar to Shropshire in all categories except caravan or other mobile structures where the South East Hub had a greater number (2.1%) compared to (0.8%) for Shropshire as a whole.

Household composition in the hub area is similar Shropshire as a whole. There were slightly more married or same sex civil partnership couple (39.1%) compared to (36.4%) for Shropshire. There were slightly less one family lone parent households (4.5%) compared to (5.2%) for Shropshire.

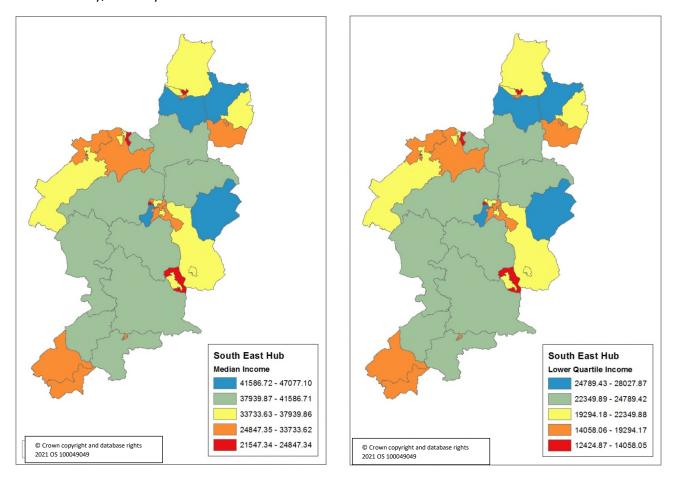
Household Income

Household income in the area ranges from median figures of £21,547 per annum in the lowest income LLSOA to £47,077 in the highest LLSOA. Lower quartile average incomes are as low as £12,425 in some areas. There were (15%) of households earning less than 15K compared to (17%) for Shropshire and (17%) for England. The South East Hub had the lowest percentage of households earning less than 15K and less than 20K compared to all hub areas. There were (25%) of all households earning less than £20K per annum, compared to (27%) for Shropshire and (27%) for the UK.

Household Income Percentage of Households by Income Band 2020

| Household Income | 15k or less | Less than 20K | 15K to 30K | 30K to 50K | 50K to 80K | 80K plus |
|------------------|-------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|
| Central South | 17% | 27% | 28% | 26% | 19% | 10% |
| Central North | 16% | 26% | 28% | 26% | 19% | 11% |
| North East | 17% | 27% | 28% | 26% | 19% | 10% |
| North West | 18% | 29% | 29% | 26% | 18% | 9% |
| South East | 15% | 25% | 27% | 26% | 20% | 12% |
| South West | 17% | 28% | 29% | 26% | 18% | 10% |
| Shropshire | 17% | 27% | 28% | 26% | 19% | 10% |
| England | 17% | 27% | 27% | 25% | 19% | 12% |

The maps below show median household income by Ilsoa in the South East Hub Area and the average lower quartile incomes. The areas of lowest income are shown in red and orange. These areas fall mainly in Highley, Bridgnorth West and Tasley, Broseley and Shifnal.



Source: CACI Paycheck Data 2020 (for internal use within Shropshire Council only not for publication)

House Prices

The table below shows an estimate of median and lower quartile house prices by family hub areas year to date May 2021. The South East has the second highest house prices compared to all areas and the second highest lower quartile house price. The median house price in Shropshire was £231,000, in the West Midlands £206,000 and in England and Wales £250,000 (note slightly different time period, year ending December 2020), Price Paid Data ONS.

| Hub Area | Number of Sales | Median House Price | Lower Quartile House Price |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Central South | 826 | £242,250 | £180,000 |
| Central North | 662 | £220,000 | £172,625 |
| North East | 802 | £244,975 | £169,950 |
| North West | 776 | £199,998 | £148,000 |
| South East | 748 | £247,750 | £186,463 |
| South West | 424 | £290,000 | £194,750 |

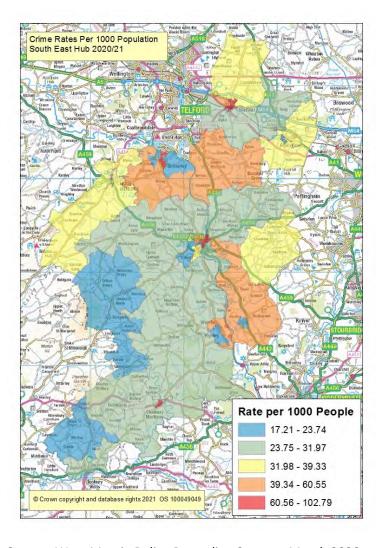
Source: House Price paid Data 12 months to May 2021

Crime and ASB

Crime rate April 2020 to March 2021

Crime rates in Shropshire are low (based on 2019 mid-year population estimates). The South East area had an overall crime rate of 37.9 per 1,000 population, the lowest of all the hub areas. At LLSOA level the areas with the highest crime rates are shown in the map below. The West Mercia Force average is around 56.5. Crime rates have fallen in this time period, as is the case nationally due to the lockdowns connected to the Covid 19 Pandemic.

| Hub | crime numbers | rate per 1000 Pop |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Central South | 2,599 | 52.4 |
| Central North | 3,913 | 65.9 |
| North East | 2,579 | 43.9 |
| North West | 2,294 | 43.8 |
| South East | <mark>2,490</mark> | <mark>37.9</mark> |
| South West | 1,508 | 40.2 |
| Shropshire | 15,383 | 47.6 |
| West Mercia | | 56.5 |



Areas with the highest crime rates are located in Bridgnorth East and Astley Abbotts, Broseley, Cleobury Mortimer and Shifnal North.

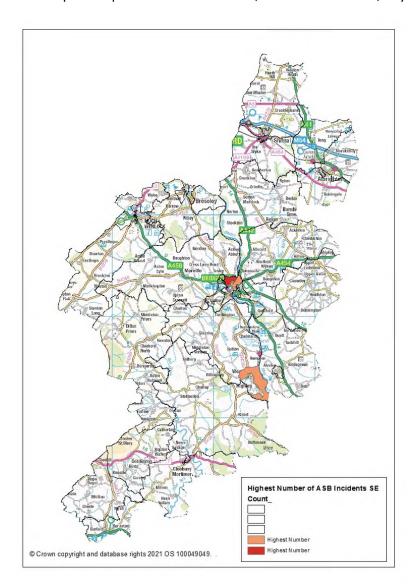
Source: West Mercia Police Recording Systems March 2020 to April 2021 and Mid -Year Population Estimates (ONS), 2019

Anti-Social Behaviour

Levels of ASB are generally low in Shropshire at 19.7 per 1,000 population (based on 2019 mid-year population estimates). The rate of ASB in the South East Hub was 17.1 per 1,000 people. At LLSOA level the areas with the highest ASB numbers are shown in the map below.

| Hub | Count | Rate per 1,000 Pop |
|---------------|-------|--------------------|
| Central South | 1111 | 22.4 |
| Central North | 1651 | 27.8 |
| North East | 996 | 17.0 |
| North West | 928 | 17.7 |
| South East | 1125 | 17.1 |
| South West | 560 | 14.9 |
| Shropshire | 6371 | 19.7 |

ASB Shropshire April 2020 to March 2021, West Mercia Police, July 2021



Source: West Mercia Police Recording Systems and Mid-Year Population Estimates (ONS), 2019

The greatest area of ASB is the town centre of Bridgnorth

Domestic Violence Incidents

The table below shows incidents of domestic violence which occurred in Shropshire, these relate to incidents, not how many people who were involved.

In the South East there were 531 recorded incidents 8.1 per 1,000 population. In Shropshire there were 3,215 incidents and 9.9 per 1,000 population. As is the case nationally, there has been an increase in domestic assaults during this period covering the lockdowns of the Covid 19 Pandemic. In January 2018 to March 2019 the rate of domestic abuse in Shropshire was 4.9 and in the South East Hub 3.6 per 1,000 population.

Levels of domestic abuse have been rising for a number of years, it is not possible to determine what the exact impact the coronavirus pandemic may have had on the increases in 2020.

Domestic Violence Incidents in Shropshire March 2020 to April 2021

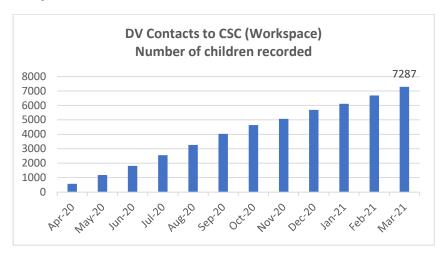
| Hub | Count | Rate per 1,000 Population |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Central South | 560 | 11.3 |
| Central North | 680 | 11.5 |
| North East | 644 | 11.0 |
| North West | 503 | 9.6 |
| South East | 531 | 8.1 |
| South West | 297 | 7.9 |
| Shropshire | 3,215 | 9.9 |

Source: West Mercia Police Data Recorded Incidents

In a report published by ONS (Domestic Abuse in England and Wales Overview November, 2020) which was drawn from a number of data sources, ONS highlighted the following points:

There has generally been an increase in demand for domestic abuse victim services during the coronavirus pandemic, particularly affecting helplines as lockdown measures eased; this does not necessarily indicate an increase in the number of victims, but perhaps an increase in the severity of abuse being experienced, and a lack of available coping mechanisms such as the ability to leave the home to escape the abuse, or attend counselling.

Number of domestic violence Contacts to Children's Social Care (Workspace) Number of children recorded Shropshire



The profile of domestic violence contacts to Children's Social care show a total number of 7,287 during the year. This ranges from 436 (Nov) to 759 (Sept). The graph clearly shows the increase in cases month by month from April 2020 to March 2021.

Health

Family Hub Area Health Indicators Summary

This is a summary of three of the health indicators for the new family hub areas. Other health indicators will subsequently be analysed in the future. This section is written analysing all the Hub Areas and comparing them together as a whole. Highlighted sections refer to hub areas which are higher or lower than Shropshire

Public Health Outcomes Maternity Indicators

The following analysis is based upon births within the Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital Trust (SATH) for Shropshire CCG patients, by the family hub the mother lives in, by financial year. The analysis will not include Shropshire CCG patients who give birth at other trusts, or non-Shropshire CCG patients giving birth at SATH.

Smoking status at time of delivery

This is based upon the mother's response when they are asked. The analysis over one year shows that each family hub area had statistically similar percentage of mothers smoking at delivery to the Shropshire average, besides in the North East in 2017/18, where the rate was significantly higher here. However, in comparison to the rate for England, there were significantly higher rates of smoking at time of delivery in the North East in 2015/16, 2016/17, 2017/18, significantly higher rates in the North West in 2017/18 and significantly higher rates for Shropshire in 2016/17 and 2017/18. Data for England in 2018/19 hasn't been published yet.

| Year | Family Hub Area | Number of smokers | Number of deliveries | % smoking at delivery | Area's Statistical difference to Shropshire | Area's Statistical difference to England |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 15/16 | Central South | 59 | 466 | 12.7% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | Central North | 66 | 546 | 12.1% | Similar | Similar |
| <mark>15/16</mark> | North East | <mark>66</mark> | <mark>435</mark> | <mark>15.2%</mark> | <mark>Similar</mark> | <mark>Higher</mark> |
| 15/16 | North West | 32 | 227 | 14.1% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | South East | 35 | 370 | 9.5% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | South West | 27 | 229 | 11.8% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | Shropshire | 295 | 2,397 | 12.3% | | Similar |
| 15/16 | ENGLAND | 67,195 | 611,477 | 11.0% | | |
| 16/17 | Central South | 56 | 440 | 12.7% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | Central North | 60 | 555 | 10.8% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | North East | 70 | 418 | 16.7% | Similar | Higher |
| 16/17 | North West | 37 | 247 | 15.0% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | South East | 37 | 389 | 9.5% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | South West | 30 | 227 | 13.2% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | Shropshire | 303 | 2,440 | 12.4% | | Higher |
| 16/17 | ENGLAND | 65,023 | 607,119 | 10.7% | | |
| 17/18 | Central South | 50 | 415 | 12.0% | Similar | Similar |
| 17/18 | Central North | 62 | 486 | 12.8% | Similar | Similar |
| <mark>17/18</mark> | North East | <mark>68</mark> | <mark>364</mark> | <mark>18.7%</mark> | Higher Higher | Higher Higher |
| <mark>17/18</mark> | North West | <mark>32</mark> | <mark>202</mark> | <mark>15.8%</mark> | <mark>Similar</mark> | <mark>Higher</mark> |
| 17/18 | South East | 34 | 323 | 10.5% | Similar | Similar |
| 17/18 | South West | 24 | 200 | 12.0% | Similar | Similar |
| 17/18 | Shropshire | 282 | 2,170 | 13.0% | | Higher |
| 17/18 | ENGLAND | 64,391 | 595,986 | 10.8% | | |
| 18/19 | Central South | 48 | 438 | 11.0% | Similar | N/A |
| 18/19 | Central North | 71 | 493 | 14.4% | Similar | N/A |
| 18/19 | North East | 74 | 403 | 18.4% | Similar | N/A |
| 18/19 | North West | 41 | 219 | 18.7% | Similar | N/A |
| 18/19 | South East | 40 | 333 | 12.0% | Similar | N/A |
| 18/19 | South West | 21 | 172 | 12.2% | Similar | N/A |
| 18/19 | Shropshire | 299 | 2,102 | 14.2% | | |
| 18/19 | ENGLAND | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |

Source: SATH maternity database

A three-year rolling period provides higher numbers and more significance to the rates. In 2015/16 – 2017/18, Shropshire had a significantly higher rate (12.6%) than England (10.8%), with both the North East and North West significantly higher than England. In this period the North East had a significantly higher rate (16.8%) to Shropshire, while the South East had a significantly lower rate (9.8%) than Shropshire. While it's not possible to compare a three-year figure against England for the later 3 year period, in Shropshire for 2016/17 to 2018/19 (13.2%), the North East area had a significantly higher rate (17.9%).

| 3 Year | amily Hub Area 2019 | Number of smokers | Number of deliveries | % smoking at delivery | Area's Statistical difference to Shropshire | \rea's Statistical difference to England |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 15/16 - 17/18 | Central South | 165 | 1,321 | 12.5% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | Central North | 188 | 1,587 | 11.8% | Similar | Similar |
| <mark>15/16 - 17/18</mark> | North East | <mark>204</mark> | <mark>1,217</mark> | <mark>16.8%</mark> | <mark>Higher</mark> | <mark>Higher</mark> |
| <mark>15/16 - 17/18</mark> | North West | <mark>101</mark> | <mark>676</mark> | <mark>14.9%</mark> | <mark>Similar</mark> | <mark>Higher</mark> |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | South East | 106 | 1,082 | 9.8% | Lower | Similar |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | South West | 81 | 656 | 12.3% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | Shropshire | 880 | 7,007 | 12.6% | | Higher |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | ENGLAND | 196,609 | 1,814,582 | 10.8% | | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | Central South | 154 | 1,293 | 11.9% | Similar | N/A |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | Central North | 193 | 1,534 | 12.6% | Similar | N/A |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | North East | 212 | 1,185 | 17.9% | Higher | N/A |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | North West | 110 | 668 | 16.5% | Similar | N/A |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | South East | 111 | 1,045 | 10.6% | Similar | N/A |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | South West | 75 | 599 | 12.5% | Similar | N/A |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | Shropshire | 884 | 6,712 | 13.2% | | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | ENGLAND | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |

Source: SATH maternity database

Breastfeeding initiation

This is based upon whether the mother put the baby to her breast in the first 48 hours of birth. All family hub areas had statistically similar results to the Shropshire overall figure for that year, except in 2016/17 where the South East area (72.7%) was significantly lower than Shropshire (79%). Various areas had significantly higher breastfeeding initiation rates than England including Shropshire in each of the three years with England's data is available.

| Year | Family Hub 2019 | Breastfeeding | All deliveries | % of mothers | Area's | Area's |
|-------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Initiation | | breastfeeding | Statistical | Statistical |
| | | | | | difference to | difference to |
| | | | | | Shropshire | England |
| 14/15 | Central South | 329 | 436 | 75.5% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 | Central North | 409 | 534 | 76.6% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 | North East | 291 | 380 | 76.6% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 | North West | 180 | 248 | 72.6% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 | South East | 298 | 372 | 80.1% | Similar | Higher |
| 14/15 | South West | 168 | 224 | 75.0% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 | Shropshire | 1764 | 2301 | 76.7% | | Higher |
| 14/15 | ENGLAND | 471561 | 634378 | 74.3% | | |
| 15/16 | Central South | 378 | 466 | 81.1% | Similar | Higher |
| 15/16 | Central North | 424 | 546 | 77.7% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | North East | 325 | 435 | 74.7% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | North West | 165 | 227 | 72.7% | Similar | Similar |
| 15/16 | South East | 299 | 370 | 80.8% | Similar | Higher |
| 15/16 | South West | 183 | 229 | 79.9% | Similar | Higher |
| 15/16 | Shropshire | 1877 | 2397 | 78.3% | | Higher |
| 15/16 | ENGLAND | 469767 | 634663 | 74.0% | | |
| 16/17 | Central South | 335 | 440 | 76.1% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | Central North | 459 | 555 | 82.7% | Similar | Higher |
| 16/17 | North East | 304 | 418 | 72.7% | Lower | Similar |
| 16/17 | North West | 185 | 247 | 74.9% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | South East | 322 | 389 | 82.8% | Similar | Higher |
| 16/17 | South West | 182 | 227 | 80.2% | Similar | Similar |
| 16/17 | Shropshire | 1927 | 2440 | 79.0% | | Higher |
| 16/17 | ENGLAND | 463152 | 621804 | 74.5% | | |
| 17/18 | Central South | 329 | 415 | 79.3% | Similar | |
| 17/18 | Central North | 387 | 486 | 79.6% | Similar | |
| 17/18 | North East | 297 | 364 | 81.6% | Similar | |
| 17/18 | North West | 151 | 202 | 74.8% | Similar | |
| 17/18 | South East | 262 | 323 | 81.1% | Similar | |
| 17/18 | South West | 156 | 200 | 78.0% | Similar | |
| 17/18 | Shropshire | 1728 | 2170 | 79.6% | | |
| 17/18 | ENGLAND | | | | | |
| 18/19 | Central South | 350 | 438 | 79.9% | Similar | |
| 18/19 | Central North | 386 | 493 | 78.3% | Similar | |
| 18/19 | North East | 304 | 403 | 75.4% | Similar | |
| 18/19 | North West | 156 | 219 | 71.2% | Similar | |
| 18/19 | South East | 264 | 333 | 79.3% | Similar | |
| 18/19 | South West | 148 | 172 | 86.0% | Similar | |
| 18/19 | Shropshire | 1648 | 2102 | 78.4% | | |
| 18/19 | ENGLAND | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |

Source: SATH maternity database

In the three-year period, 2014/15 to 2016/17, where there is a comparison with England, Shropshire, the centre east, central west, South east and South West all had significantly higher rates than England. However, the North West area had significantly lower rates to Shropshire in 2015/16 to 2017/18 and 2016/17 to 2017/18.

| 3 Year | Family Hub 2019 | Breastfeeding Initiation | All deliveries | % of mothers breastfeeding | rea's Statistical difference to Shropshire | Area's Statistical difference to England |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| 14/15 - 16/17 | Central South | 1,042 | 1,342 | 77.6% | Similar | Higher |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | Central North | 1,292 | 1,635 | 79.0% | Similar | Higher |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | North East | 920 | 1,233 | 74.6% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | North West | 530 | 722 | 73.4% | Similar | Similar |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | South East | 919 | 1,131 | 81.3% | Higher | Higher |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | South West | 533 | 680 | 78.4% | Similar | Higher |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | Shropshire | 5,568 | 7,138 | 78.0% | | Higher |
| 14/15 - 16/17 | ENGLAND | 1,404,480 | 1,890,845 | 74.3% | | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | Central South | 1,042 | 1,321 | 78.9% | Similar | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | Central North | 1,270 | 1,587 | 80.0% | Similar | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | North East | 926 | 1,217 | 76.1% | Similar | |
| <mark>15/16 - 17/18</mark> | North West | <mark>501</mark> | <mark>676</mark> | <mark>74.1%</mark> | <u>Lower</u> | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | South East | 883 | 1,082 | 81.6% | Similar | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | South West | 521 | 656 | 79.4% | Similar | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | Shropshire | 5,532 | 7,007 | 78.9% | | |
| 15/16 - 17/18 | ENGLAND | | | | | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | Central South | 1,014 | 1,293 | 78.4% | Similar | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | Central North | 1,232 | 1,534 | 80.3% | Similar | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | North East | 905 | 1,185 | 76.4% | Similar | |
| <mark>16/17 - 18/19</mark> | North West | <mark>492</mark> | <mark>668</mark> | <mark>73.7%</mark> | <u>Lower</u> | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | South East | 848 | 1,045 | 81.1% | Similar | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | South West | 486 | 599 | 81.1% | Similar | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | Shropshire | 5,303 | 6,712 | 79.0% | | |
| 16/17 - 18/19 | ENGLAND | | | | | |

Source: SATH maternity database

National Childhood Measurement Programme 2017/18

This is a statutory programme where parents of children who consent to take part who are in the Reception Year and also in Year 6 have their height and weight measured by a school nurse in order to calculate their body mass index. Results are then sent to those parents. In 2017/18, over 5,000 pupils in Shropshire were measured.

Reception Year

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of reception pupils to Shropshire and England that were of healthy weight

| Family Hub 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils healthyweight | % healthyweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Central South | 421 | 321 | 76.2% | Similar | Similar |
| Central North | 507 | 388 | 76.5% | Similar | Similar |
| North East | 453 | 361 | 79.7% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 425 | 326 | 76.7% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 481 | 362 | 75.3% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 259 | 195 | 75.3% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,627 | 2,013 | 76.6% | | Similar |
| England | 610,435 | 467,848 | 76.6% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of reception pupils to Shropshire and England that were overweight. Shropshire's overall rate was significantly higher than England's.

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils overweight | % overweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical Jifference to England |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Central South | 421 | 64 | 15.2% | Similar | Similar |
| Central North | 507 | 74 | 14.6% | Similar | Similar |
| North East | 453 | 53 | 11.7% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 425 | 69 | 16.2% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 481 | 71 | 14.8% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 259 | 38 | 14.7% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,627 | 378 | 14.4% | | Higher |
| England | 610,435 | 78,390 | 12.8% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of reception pupils to Shropshire and England that were very overweight

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils very overweight | % overweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------|--|---|
| Central South | 421 | 35 | 8.3% | Similar | Similar |
| Central North | 507 | 43 | 8.5% | Similar | Similar |
| North East | 453 | 36 | 7.9% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 425 | 30 | 7.1% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 481 | 48 | 10.0% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 259 | 26 | 10.0% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,627 | 230 | 8.8% | | Similar |
| England | 610,435 | 58,196 | 9.5% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of reception pupils to Shropshire and England that were overweight or very overweight

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils verweight and very overweight | % overweight and very overweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Central South | 421 | 99 | 23.5% | Similar | Similar |
| Central North | 507 | 117 | 23.1% | Similar | Similar |
| North East | 453 | 89 | 19.6% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 425 | 99 | 23.3% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 481 | 119 | 24.7% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 259 | 64 | 24.7% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,627 | 608 | 23.1% | | Similar |
| England | 610,435 | 136,586 | 22.4% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

Year 6

In comparison with Shropshire (68.5%), there is a significantly higher percentage of pupils of healthyweight in the Central North area, but significantly lower rate in the North West area. In comparison with England (64.3%), there were significantly higher rates in Central East and Central North areas and Shropshire as a whole.

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils healthyweight | % healthyweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| Central South | 386 | 275 | 71.2% | Similar | Higher |
| Central North | 483 | 361 | 74.7% | Higher | Higher |
| North East | 452 | 307 | 67.9% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | <mark>416</mark> | <mark>257</mark> | <mark>61.8%</mark> | <mark>Lower</mark> | <mark>Similar</mark> |
| South East | 468 | 314 | 67.1% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 271 | 186 | 68.6% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,581 | 1,768 | 68.5% | | Higher |
| England | 576,574 | 370,687 | 64.3% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of overweight pupils to Shropshire and England.

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils overweight | % overweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| Central South | 386 | 51 | 13.2% | Similar | Similar |
| Central North | 483 | 53 | 11.0% | Similar | Similar |
| North East | 452 | 62 | 13.7% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 416 | 73 | 17.5% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 468 | 80 | 17.1% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 271 | 42 | 15.5% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,581 | 378 | 14.6% | | Similar |
| England | 576,574 | 81,754 | 14.2% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of Year 6 pupils who are very overweight to Shropshire (16%), however, several areas have significantly lower rates than England (20.1%) including Shropshire.

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils very overweight | % overweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| Central South | 386 | 58 | 15.0% | Similar | Lower |
| Central North | 483 | 67 | 13.9% | Similar | Lower |
| North East | 452 | 78 | 17.3% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 416 | 81 | 19.5% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 468 | 69 | 14.7% | Similar | Lower |
| South West | 271 | 41 | 15.1% | Similar | Lower |
| Shropshire | 2,581 | 413 | 16.0% | | Lower |
| England | 576,574 | 116,134 | 20.1% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

All family hub areas have statistically similar percentage of Year 6 pupils who are overweight or very overweight to Shropshire (30.6%), however, both the Central East and Central North areas have significantly lower rates than England (34.3%) as does Shropshire as a whole.

| Family Hub Area 2019 | Number of Pupils measured | Number of Pupils verweight and very overweight | % overweight and very overweight | Areas Statistical difference to Shropshire | Areas Statistical difference to England |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Central South | 386 | 109 | 28.2% | Similar | Lower |
| Central North | 483 | 120 | 24.8% | Similar | Lower |
| North East | 452 | 140 | 31.0% | Similar | Similar |
| North West | 416 | 154 | 37.0% | Similar | Similar |
| South East | 468 | 149 | 31.8% | Similar | Similar |
| South West | 271 | 83 | 30.6% | Similar | Similar |
| Shropshire | 2,581 | 791 | 30.6% | | Lower |
| England | 576,574 | 197,888 | 34.3% | | |

Source: NCMP 2017/18, NHS Digital

Mental Health Young People

The mental health of the UK's children and young people was deteriorating before the pandemic and evidence suggests that the deterioration of mental health is greatest among families already struggling. Between 2004 and 2017 anxiety, depression, and self-harm increased, particularly among teenage girls.

Studies carried out during the pandemic suggest that although some families are coping well, others are facing financial adversity, struggling to home school, and risk experiencing vicious cycles of increasing distress. Probable mental health conditions increased from 10.8% in 2017 to 16% in July 2020 across all age, sex, and ethnic groups according to England's Mental Health of Children and Young People Survey (MHCYP). (Source BMJ 2021;372:n614 Mental Health of Children and Young People during the Pandemic, March 2021).

Public Health England have produced a (updated in July 2021) COVID-19 mental health and wellbeing surveillance report. Chapter 4 looks at mental health and wellbeing in children and young people.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-mental-health-and-wellbeing-surveillance-report/7-children-and-young-people

It presents a high-level summary of the best, recent, evidence available about the experience of children and young people of the pandemic as relevant to understanding their mental health and wellbeing. It is based on a range of evidence sources of differing methods and quality. As such many of the findings presented below need to be considered as indicative and not conclusive evidence of impacts at this stage due to these methodological constraints.

Evidence suggests that some children and young people's mental health and wellbeing has been substantially impacted due to and during the pandemic.

Between March and September 2020, some children and young people coped well as life satisfaction only slightly reduced and happiness was relatively stable. It was females and those with pre-existing mental health issues who experienced more negative impacts, compared to pre-pandemic data. Between September 2020 and January 2021, there was a decline in wellbeing and increased anxiety was a key impact.

It is important to note that, to date, the volume of published new intelligence covering January to June 2021 has reduced. However, the evidence there is, showed an increase in behavioural, emotional, and restless/attentional difficulties in January, that had subsequently decreased by March 2021. Children also appeared to have experienced a reduction in mental health symptoms as restrictions eased in March 2021, as seen in both parents/carers reporting and child self-reporting data.

Groups experiencing worse mental health issues:

- **SEND** Parents and carers of children with SEND have also continued to report <u>considerably higher levels of behavioural, emotional, and attentional difficulties</u> than those of children without in this same time period
- Gender overall (throughout the pandemic up to March 2021), parents/carers of school aged children reported higher symptoms of behavioural and attentional difficulties for boys than girls. However, girls had higher levels of emotional difficulties than boys (all aged 4 to 17). From May to November 2020, girls aged 6 to 18 reported higher anxiety and poorer wellbeing than boys. It is important to note that these gender differences are fairly typical, and as this study does not have pre-pandemic data, it is not possible to determine whether this is a change during the pandemic or a continuation of pre-pandemic patterns.
- Disadvantaged During the pandemic, some disadvantaged young people and children, such as children in
 care or those who are disadvantaged financially, have reported poorer mental health and wellbeing including
 anxiety and loneliness. Parents/carers from households with lower annual incomes reported their children
 having higher levels of symptoms of behavioural, emotional and attentional difficulties than those with higher
 annual income throughout the pandemic.
- Pre-existing Mental Health Needs There is evidence to suggest that some young people with pre-existing mental health needs have found the return to school difficult. Some secondary aged pupils had struggled with pre-existing mental health issues during the lockdown and this continued into the return to school in Autumn 2020. There is qualitative evidence that the stress around going back was a trigger for some young people who started to self-harm again or have suicidal thoughts.
- Black, Asian, and Minority Ethnic (BAME) Some evidence suggests that children and young people from Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic (BAME) backgrounds have experienced a higher rate of mental health and wellbeing concerns during the pandemic.
- Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender (LGBT+) a greater proportion of LGTB+ respondents (aged 11 to 18) reported that their mental health had worsened since the start of the pandemic, compared to non LGBT+ respondents. LGBT+.

Anecdotal evidence for Shropshire suggests and a deterioration in mental health of young people during the Pandemic. With increased mental health issues for example, anxiety, depression, behavioral issues, self harm and eating disorders. The school nurse service reports and increase in secondary school children needing support and welfare officers in schools also report an increase in students with mental health issues. This had resulted in increases in referrals to services such as Kooth or Be You.

Obtaining actual data of numeric evidence of this has been challenging to gather at this stage.

Employment and Economy

Economic Activity

The area has a similar economic activity rate compared to Shropshire but slightly greater than England and Wales. The breakdown by type in the area is broadly similar to Shropshire. When compared to national levels the hub had a greater number of people self-employed, (13.4%) compared to (9.7%) nationally. The area had a greater number of people in employment and employed part time compared to England and Wales.

Economic Activity by Type Percentage

| Area | All usual residents aged 16 to 74 | Economically active | In employment | Employee Part-time | Employee Full-time | Self- employed | Unemployed | Full- time student |
|------------|--|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| South East | 46,315 | 70.5 | 65.5 | 14.4 | 37.1 | 13.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| Shropshire | 223,992.0 | 71.0 | 65.4 | 15.5 | 37.1 | 12.7 | 3.3 | 2.3 |
| England | | | | | | | | |
| and Wales | 1,410,470 | 69.7 | 61.9 | 13.7 | 38.5 | 9.7 | 4.4 | 3.4 |

Source: 2011 Census

Economic activity rate. Economic activity rate, is the percentage of the population, both employed and unemployed, that constitutes the manpower supply of the labour market, regardless of their current labour status. This figure is a measure of the degree of success of the economy being able to engage the population in production.

Economic Inactivity

Levels of economic inactivity in the South East Hub were broadly similar to Shropshire and national levels. In 2011 there were a greater proportion of people retired, (18.6%), compared to England and Wales (13.8%) and Shropshire (16.9%).

Economic Inactivity by Type Percentage

| Area | Economically Inactive | Retired | Student (including full- time students) | Looking after home or family | Long-term sick or disabled | Unemployed Never Worked | Long-Term Unemployed |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| South East | 29.5 | 18.6 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| Shropshire | 29.0 | 16.9 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| England and Wales | 30.3 | 13.8 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 0.7 | 1.7 |

Source: 2011 Census

Economic inactivity. Economic inactivity is that section of the working age population which is not in employment and is not actively seeking employment for a variety of reasons (see table above).

Employment by Sector

The largest employment sectors in the South East Hub are manufacturing (17.0% of those employed), accommodation & food services (12.5%), health (10.5%), and education (8.3%)

| Industry | Family South | |
|---|-----------------|--------|
| | number | % |
| 1 : Agriculture, forestry & fishing (A) | 100 | 0.5% |
| 2 : Mining, quarrying & utilities (B,D and E) | 215 | 1.1% |
| 3 : Manufacturing (C) | 3,210 | 17.0% |
| 4 : Construction (F) | 1,235 | 6.5% |
| 5 : Motor trades (Part G) | 445 | 2.4% |
| 6 : Wholesale (Part G) | 1,125 | 5.9% |
| 7 : Retail (Part G) | 1,480 | 7.8% |
| 8 : Transport & storage (inc postal) (H) | 395 | 2.1% |
| 9 : Accommodation & food services (I) | 2,365 | 12.5% |
| 10 : Information & communication (J) | 315 | 1.7% |
| 11 : Financial & insurance (K) | 290 | 1.5% |
| 12 : Property (L) | 310 | 1.6% |
| 13 : Professional, scientific & technical (M) | 1,235 | 6.5% |
| 14 : Business administration & support services (N) | 785 | 4.2% |
| 15 : Public administration & defence (O) | 630 | 3.3% |
| 16 : Education (P) | 1,575 | 8.3% |
| 17 : Health (Q) | 1,990 | 10.5% |
| 18 : Arts, entertainment, recreation & other services (R,S,T and U) | 1,215 | 6.4% |
| Total | 18,915 | 100.0% |

Source: BRES (Business Register and Employment Survey 2019)

The largest employers in the area are Grainger and Worrall and Bridgnorth Aluminium (source Fame February 2021)

Claimant Count June 2021

| Hub Area | Claimant Rate 16 - 64 Population | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Central South | | 3.9 |
| Central North | | 3.8 |
| North East | | 3.7 |
| North West | | 3.8 |
| South East | | <mark>3.9</mark> |
| South West | | 3.6 |
| Shropshire | | 3.8 |
| England and Wales | | 5.6 |

The claimant rate is slightly higher than the Shropshire average in June 2021 but lower than the national average.

Benefit Claimants Housing Benefit

The table below shows people claiming housing benefit by hub areas. In the South East Hub there were 2,076 claimants (the highest number out of all hub areas) at February 2021, 263 of these had dependent children (12.7%) of all claimants for housing benefit. This rate is lower than the other hub areas and Shropshire. The number of people claiming housing benefit has fallen as more people and families move onto universal credit.

| Hub Area | Total Claimants Dependants with children | All Claimants | Ratio No Child Dependant | Ratio With Child Dependant |
|---------------|--|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| nub Area | children | All Claimants | Dependant | Dependant |
| Central South | 299 | 1,790 | 83.3 | 16.7 |
| Central North | 282 | 1,837 | 84.6 | 15.4 |
| North East | 264 | 1,620 | 83.7 | 16.3 |
| North West | 283 | 1,775 | 84.1 | 15.9 |
| South East | 263 | 2,076 | 87.3 | 12.7 |
| South West | 173 | 1,253 | 86.2 | 13.8 |
| Shropshire | 1564 | 10,351 | 84.9 | 15.1 |

Source DWP Statistics Stat-Xplore, February 2021. 121 LLSOA's did not have data for child dependents as the number in the Ilsoa was negligible so not included due to disclosure control.

Benefit Claimants Universal Credit

Universal Credit is a means-tested benefit for people of working-age who are on a low income.

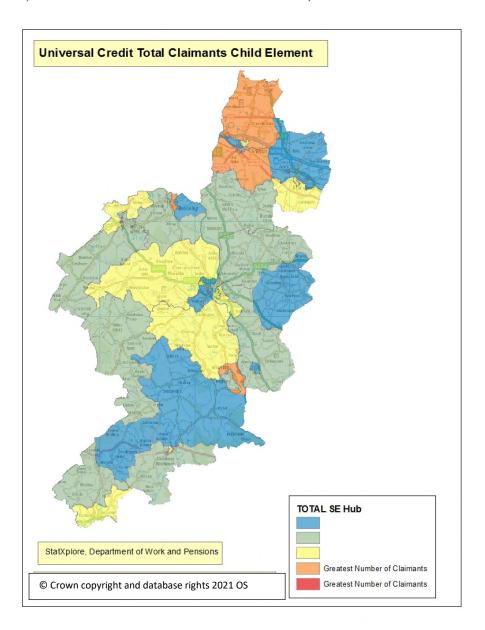
It replaces six existing means-tested benefits: Income Support, Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance, Income-related Employment and Support Allowance, Housing Benefit, Child Tax Credit, Working Tax Credit. The programme of Universal Credit is being rolled out and phased in across the UK there is a period of transition and overlap in terms of new claimants claiming universal credit and previous claimants still claiming separate benefits.

The table below shows the number of households estimated to be claiming Universal Credit by hub areas. The table also shows the percentage of claimants receiving the child entitlement and the housing entitlement. The South East Hub has a lower proportion of claimants claiming the child entitlement compared to Shropshire. The South East Hub also has a lower proportion off claimants claiming housing benefit as part of universal credit compared to Shropshire. The number of people claiming universal credit is increasing as more people move over to the combined benefit and away from previous separate benefits. The map overleaf shows universal credit claimants (child element) by Ilsoa in the hub area.

| Hub Area | Households Payed UC | % of all Claimants receiving Child Entitlement | % of all Claimants receiving Housing Entitlement |
|---------------|------------------------|---|---|
| Central South | 2,914 | 40% | 58% |
| Central North | 3,342 | 40% | 61% |
| North East | 3,170 | 41% | 57% |
| North West | 2,911 | 41% | 58% |
| South East | 3,281 | 38% | 54% |
| South West | 1,697 | 39% | 59% |
| Shropshire | 17,330 | 40% | 58% |

Source: Stat-Xplore Statistics, DWP, February 2021, Statistical disclosure control has been applied to the data to avoid the release of confidential data. Totals may not sum due to disclosure control

Map of Universal Credit Child Element Claimants by Household South East Hub



END