

Claim Ref: AC-2024-LON-001 72

KING'S BENCH DIVISON

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

ADMINISTRATIVE COURT (PLANNING COURT)

BETWEEN:

ECONERGY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

v

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR LEVELLING UP, HOUSING AND COMMUNITIES;

(2) SHROPSHIRE COUNCIL

(3) FLOUR NOT POWER

Defendants

XXXXXXX ORDER

UPON the Claimant bringing a claim for statutory review issued on 30 April 2024

AND UPON the Second and Third Defendants taking no part in these proceedings AND UPON the Judge formally granting permission which is not opposed BY CONSENT IT IS ORDERED THAT:

1. The Claim is allowed for the reasons outlined in the Schedule to this Order.

AC-2024-LON-001472

<u>Claimant</u>



- 2. The decision of the First Defendant's Planning Inspector dated 26 March 2024, which is the subject of the present challenge, is quashed.
- 3. The Claimant's appeal to the First Defendant pursuant to s. 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is to be remitted to the First Defendant for re-determination.
- 4. The First Defendant shall pay the Claimant's reasonable costs of the present claim, subject to detailed assessment, if not agreed.

Dated 12 June 2024

CMS Cameron McKenna Nabarro Olswang LLP

Government Legal Shropshire Council Flour Not Power Department

For the Claimants	For the First	For the Second	For the Third
	Defendant	Defendant	Defendant
Signed (My conoro up	For the Treasury Solicidor Signed	T W Corland Signed	Signed Ccan Old
		Date 1106 24	Date 11/06/24

Approved by Sir Duncan Ouseley sitting as High Court Judge

2nd July 2024

BY THE COURT

SCHEDULE

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- The Claimant and First Defendant agree that Inspector erred in his application of the Natural England guidance when considering the adequacy of the compensation land at DL/136-137. In finding that the proposed development failed to avoid significant adverse impacts, he incorrectly focused on whether there would be a net loss of breeding pairs of Skylarks. That is not an approach which is consistent with the guidance which he was purporting to apply which seeks to achieve "no net loss" of <u>habitat</u>, and not <u>numbers of a species</u>. As a result, Ground 1 of the challenge is made out.
- 2. The Claimant and First Defendant further agree that the Inspector's approach to the proposed *Grampian* condition was not a lawful one nor has he provided any sufficient reasoning for his conclusions at DL/183-184 to reject the proposed condition. As a result, Grounds 3 and 4 of the challenge is made out.
- 3. As a result of Paragraphs 1 and 2 above, Grounds 2 and 5-7 need not be determined.